

MRS. GIBSON PLACES 3 HALL DEFENDANTS IN FIELD AT DEATHS

Saw Widow, With Her 2
Brothers, She Says on
Bed in Court.

YOU KNOW IT'S TRUTH!
SHE SHOUTS AT END

Identifying of Henry Stevens
New Feature of Recital of
Shots and Shrieks.

Somerville, N. J., Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—Brought into court on a hospital bed after a 30-mile trip in an ambulance, Mrs. J. Gibson, 33, with a kidney disease, testified at the Hall-Mills trial today for three hours and at the end of her testimony partly raised herself and screamed: "I told the truth, so help me God, and you know it," with a wave of her hand toward the three defendants.

The three on trial for murder remained untroubled as the now famous raiser of pigs testified that she had seen Mrs. Frances Stevens Hall and her brothers, Henry and Willie Stevens, at and near the place of the bodies of the Rev. Edward W. Hall and Mrs. Eleanor R. Mills were found on the night they were slain, more than four years ago. From her bed, Mrs. Gibson said that she saw Mrs. Hall and Willie Stevens standing in front of an automobile, in De Russy's lane, near Brunswick, before she heard the shots fired. Later, she saw Henry Stevens just before she heard shots and still later observed Mrs. Hall kneeling near the place where the witness had heard voices uttering oaths. She pointed to the defendants in the courtroom and asserted they are the persons she saw.

Gives Added Details.
The dramatic appearance of the witness in the courtroom followed a ride in an ambulance from Jersey City, where she has been a patient in a hospital for ten days. She apparently suffered no ill effects from her journey and court appearance.

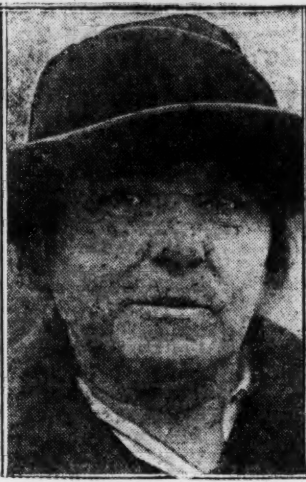
Mrs. Gibson's story was in many particulars the recital she has given over a period of four years, but there were some additional details today and some changes. In previous testimony she had not identified Henry Stevens as a person she saw at the scene. She had before identified Henry Carpenter, cousin of the three defendants in the case on trial, which charges the murder of Mrs. Mills.

Carpenter, a New York broker, is in jail here under indictment on the same charges his cousins face. He came to the courtroom today to have Mrs. Gibson say that she had previously pointed him out as a person present.

The direct examination was brief, less than 20 minutes, while the cross-examination required 2 hours and 30 minutes. The trend of the questioning by defense attorneys after the witness had been led to repeat her story of what she saw on the night of the double killing, was to draw information as to her past life. She was vague as to many details and denied that she had more than one husband. William Easton, she said, is her only husband.

Took Name From Witness.
She was called as a witness under the name of "Vane Gibson," but sworn as "Vane Easton," her explanation of the discrepancy being that she took the name of "Gibson" when she purchased the "Gibson farm," on which she raised pigs.

CHIEF WITNESS



JANE GIBSON.

13 COAST GUARDSMEN ACCUSED OF RUM RING

20 Others Are Indicted by
Federal Grand Jury at
New York.

FLEET OPERATION SEEN

New York, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—Indictments in which 33 men—13 of them members of the coast guard—are charged with operating a rum fleet between Canada and the United States were returned by the Federal grand jury today.

The "master minds" of the rum fleet are alleged to be the brothers Edward and Frank Costello, with offices in Lexington avenue, where arrangements are said to have been made for disposal of the cargoes of liquor.

The Costello brothers and several others indicted were mentioned in the first indictment of William V. Dwyer, so-called "king of New York bootleggers," who operated another gigantic rum ring.

The men indicted today directed operations of a fleet of their own vessels that plied between Canadian ports, St. Pierre Miquelon, and rum row, it is charged.

Nineteen of those indicted are already under arrest, including the Costello brothers and members of the crew of coast guard cutters 126 and 192. Some were released on bail.

Beside the Costello brothers, the principals in the alleged organization, according to Assistant United States Attorney William E. Stevenson, were C. Hunter Carpenter, who was in charge of subheadquarters at Hempstead, L. I.; Philip J. Coffey, described as the paymaster and briber of coast guardsmen; and W. L. Van Dyke, a Canadian and part owner of one of the rum ships.

The rum ring is said on one occasion to have paid as much as \$2,700 to Fred J. Lewis and William R. Hughes, at that time coast guardsmen on coast-guard cutter No. 126.

The activities of the rum ring date back, the indictment charges, as far as 1923, and ran continuously to and including part of 1926. A number of vessels employed to convey liquor from St. Pierre Miquelon to rum row are named in the over 500 pages of the indictment. One of the vessels named was the steamer Vincent A. White.

It was charged that liquor purchased by the alleged conspirators was transported at rum row to contact boats, landed on Long Island for trucking to New York. Some of the contact boats, it is set forth, was actually accomplished by coast-guard boats, the crews of which had been enlisted in aid of the ring by some of the conspirators. In one case, according to the indictment, coast guardsmen named in the indictment were bribed.

Italy Opens New Loan As a Patriotic Fete

Roma, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—Subscriptions to Italy's new national loan of \$7,500,000,000 (the approximately \$1,168,000,000), to replace treasury bonds, was opened today amidst great patriotic enthusiasm. It was estimated that the subscriptions already have passed 300,000,000 lire.

Italy's new national loan is intended to provide a breathing space between the initial and final stages of the nation's struggle to restore the value of the currency and place the national economic life on a sound basis, according to official and financial circles.

Feeble-Minded Boys, Shot, Lie 16 Hours Without Aid

Atlantic City, N. J., Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—Riddled with buckshot by a timorous farmer, two feeble-minded boys lay sixteen hours beside railroad tracks near Iron Mills, N. J., waiting death. Only the chance passing of a hunting party today led to the discovery of their plight and their removal to a hospital in Camden.

COOLIDGE SEEKING MIDWESTERN MAN FOR BUTLER'S POST

Chairman Is Wanted With
Stronger Political
Contacts.

REMOVAL WILL END
MUCH PARTY STRIFE

Senator Lenroot's Name to
Be Advanced as National
Committee Head.

By NORMAN W. BAXTER.
William M. Butler, chairman of the Republican national committee, is holding office pending appointment of his successor, according to information received yesterday from an administration source.

After the Sixty-ninth Congress adjourns and before the actual hostilities of the presidential campaign are launched, the Massachusetts friend and adviser of the President is slated to resign and be replaced by a man, preferably from the Midwest, whose political contacts are more largely political than those of Butler.

Discussion of available men has, it is understood, already begun by the President and those of his advisers whose guidance has been asked. The matter has as yet not even narrowed down to a list of possibilities, for at the moment there is nothing for the chairman of the national committee to do but wear his title.

There is, of course, considerable political significance for both the President and Butler in the move, since the step is not interpreted as an end of the Coolidge-Butler friendship.

The charge often has been made by Republicans themselves that the national committee and other of the high councils of the party are dominated entirely too much by Eastern representatives. The weakness of the Republican party lies at the moment in the farm belt and any strengthening that can be done in the Midwest will improve materially the prospects of the President or any other man who obtains the presidential nomination in 1928 from the Republican convention.

Will Eliminate Friction.
The Butler retirement will leave the present chairman free also either to return to his business interests or to make another foray into politics if he feels inclined to go before the Massachusetts electorate again.

Most important from a party standpoint is the fact that Butler's removal will eliminate much of the friction which exists among party leaders generally and the chairman of the committee. The Butler theory of grafting the methods of a business executive to the political tree has not made a hit with the organization men. There has been resentment within the party against Butler from the time he was first named, and there are a considerable number of politicians who find themselves unable to work with him.

This source of irritation has, it is believed, been explained to President Coolidge by his advisers, and it is said, the chief executive now feels it is not only judicious but necessary to bring about some change in the control of the national committee.

Butler, of course, has served on the national committee as the friend of the (CONTINUED ON PAGE 11, COLUMN 2.)

Sword Duel Fought By Hungarian Counts

Budapest, Hungary, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—A sword duel which left the principals unscathed, was fought today between Count Paul Teleky, former premier, and Count Michael Karolyi, former provisional president. Count Teleky received a slight cut on the right hand.

The duel followed a remark made by Count Karolyi to the effect that he wondered how Count Teleky could sleep so soundly under the responsibility of having sent Prince Ludwig Windisch-Grätz and Dr. von Nadozey, Budapest police chief, to prison.

Windisch-Grätz and von Nadozey were among those convicted in the great frame counterfeiting plot.

Gun and Missing Bullets Traced in Scrivener Case

District Attorney Gordon, at Odds With Police,
Uncovers New Data—Ammunition Gone From Suitcase of Convict, Who Claims Death Weapon.

The divergence of opinion between the police and district attorney's office as to the killing of Detective Sergeant Arthur B. Scrivener widened perceptibly yesterday, following the disclosure that Maj. Peyton Gordon, United States district attorney, has uncovered additional information which he believes to be of even greater importance than the reported identification of the pistol with which Scrivener was killed.

This information is being carefully guarded against premature disclosure for fear that its publication may retard the investigation by the district attorney's office.

Maj. Gordon yesterday checked on the story told him by Henry Miller Moore, 28-year-old prisoner at the District Jail, that he had stolen the Scrivener pistol from a man in Florida. This man was communicated with and he stated he had a pistol stolen from him about the time Moore says he took it. This man's description of the stolen weapon tallied with that of the Scrivener pistol, it was said.

The Florida business man also gave Maj. Gordon the name of the original owner of the stolen gun. He will be communicated with today and if his description of the gun tallies with that of the Scrivener death gun, he will be asked to come to Washington to make a positive identification.

The district attorney's office is trying to find out where the bullets found in Scrivener's locker, of the same make as the one which killed him, came from.

Moore declares the pistol he threw away and later picked up by two men he suspected of being detectives, was loaded with the same type of bullet that killed Scrivener. Other bullets of the same type, about 40 in number, were left in his suitcase at a local hotel, Moore says.

A search of Moore's suitcase at the hotel last night showed these bullets missing. An employee of the hotel declared that the bullets were taken away by several men who said they were headquarters detectives along with some other effects.

Moore declared last night that the reason he did not identify his gun when shown several revolvers at the District Jail on several occasions by Headquarters Detective Edward J. Kelly was because his gun was never included in the lot shown him.

Moore declared he told Detective Kelly to "bring me my gun and I'll pick it out of a hundred."

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 5, COLUMN 5.)

DEMOCRATS WILL URGE \$325,000,000 TAX CUT

Senate and House Leaders' Proposal Would Curtail Corporation Levy.

SEEK TO END EXCISE FEE

(By The Associated Press.)
Evidence that the Democrats are making ready for a smashing tax reduction fight at the short session of Congress was given yesterday when the ranking Democratic members of the Senate and House committees which shape tax bills agreed on a basic plan of action.

Of a meeting between Senator Furnifold Simmons, of the Senate finance committee, and Representative John Garner, of the House ways and means committee, came a concrete proposal for a permanent tax reduction of \$325,000,000, which may be increased to \$400,000,000. It would curtail the corporate income tax from 13 1/2 to 11 per cent, or even less, would wipe out excise taxes, perhaps slightly modify the tobacco tax and lower the surtax on incomes between \$30,000 and \$60,000.

Both Simmons and Garner steadfastly have insisted the Treasury surplus will run more than \$100,000,000 above any figure Treasury experts have named, and that no plan such as that suggested by President Coolidge for returning taxes would be accepted. Permanent reduction is the demand of the minority leaders.

Pronouncement of the Democratic agreement had no visible effect at the Treasury except to bring a reiteration (CONTINUED ON PAGE 11, COLUMN 3.)

MARIE STOPS TOUR TO HASTEN TO SIDE OF FERDINAND, ILL

Louisville-New York Dash
by Train Arranged;
Sails November 24.

PLANS FOR RETURN
TO CAPITAL DROPPED

Washburn Demands Apology
From Kentucky National
Guard Officer.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—Queen Marie of Roumania virtually concluded her American tour here tonight and made ready for a quick run to New York, whence she will sail for home on the first ship available.

Distressed by private advice from Bucharest concerning the condition of King Ferdinand, she summoned members of her suite and American advisers today and directed that she be taken as soon as possible to the bedside of her husband. Dispatches from abroad have described the king's illness as inflammation of the lower intestine and as cancer.

Some confusion attended efforts of train officials to outline a new itinerary for the royal party for the trip to New York, and tonight definite information still was lacking. Tentatively, the queen and Princess Ileana will go direct to New York, while Prince Nicholas pays brief visits to Detroit and Cleveland to see automobile plants and to greet Roumanian residents. Arrival and departure dates have not been established, although Marie is expected to sail on November 24 on the Berengaria.

Not to Stop in Capital.
Neither was the Louisville-to-New York route definitely settled, the indecision hanging on a possible stop at Harpers Ferry to enable Marie to view the historic battle site. The tentative schedule calls for a 15-minute stop at Cincinnati tomorrow morning, and skirting of Washington at a junction point outside the city.

It was definitely announced, however, that the plan to have the royal children see the Army-Navy football game in Chicago is canceled, as is the proposed trip from Washington through Atlantic City, Lakewood, N. J.; White Sulphur Springs, W. Va.; and Richmond, Va.

Although she had waited in vain for further advice from Bucharest, Queen Marie showed no traces of her anxiety today as she followed Louisville's reception program. She visited the birthplace of Abraham Lincoln at Hodgenville, and My Old Kentucky Home at Bardonia.

Sees Lincoln Birthplace.
Ascending the long row of steps leading to the marble memorial, enclosing the log cabin in which Lincoln was born, the queen stepped into the cabin and listened to a brief talk by a guide.

"It is magnificent, this building over the tiny hut," she said. Stepping outside, she said: "I want to go right around," and with Prince Nicholas, exhibited keen interest as she inspected the cabin.

When Queen Marie reaches New York she will go to the home of Charles E. Mitchell at Tuxedo, N. Y., where she will await departure of her boat in practical seclusion. Mr. Mitchell is (CONTINUED ON PAGE 2, COLUMN 2.)

NAVY FLIER IS KILLED BY 2,000-FOOT FALL

Lieut. E. B. Curtis Dies After
Crash at Norfolk; Companion
Badly Hurt.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—Lieut. Edward B. Curtis, 27, of New Orleans, died tonight at the naval hospital here as the result of an airplane crash at the naval operating base last afternoon when a UO-1 land plane lost a wing while coming out of a tail spin 2,000 feet in the air and fell into the room of a mess hall. Lieut. Delbert S. Cornwell, 26, of Philadelphia, U. S. pilot, is in the hospital critically injured, but expected to recover.

Lieut. Curtis was visiting here while awaiting a tour of duty on the U. S. S. Marblehead, having recently been transferred from Pensacola, Fla. Cornwell and Curtis were members of the class of 1922 at Annapolis and had been close friends. Cornwell is attached to the VO-6 squadron, naval air station.

Lieut. Curtis was attached to observation squadron 6 of the scouting fleet at the time of his death. His wife, Mrs. Carmel M. Curtis, lives in Philadelphia, and his mother in New Orleans. Born at New Orleans, he was appointed to the Naval Academy June 12, 1918, and was commissioned an ensign June 8, 1922. He served on the U. S. S. Florida and the U. S. S. Worden, two years of which service was overseas during the war.

Maniac Leaps to Car Bearing Hindenburg

Dresden, Germany, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—Brandishing a petition and crying "I am Jesus Christ," a man believed to be insane today jumped on the running board of the automobile in which President Von Hindenburg was riding to an official ceremony.

SNOW KILLS 3 IN WEST; COLD MOVES EASTWARD

8-Inch Blanket in Illinois; 4
Other States Whittened;
Temperature Falls.

STORM ON GREAT LAKES

Chicago, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—Snow, which the biting gales of winter was extending eastward and southward, swept over the middle West today, breaking records for depth at this early season in some sections, and the forecast carried a prediction of at least 36 hours more of the unseasonable weather.

Meanwhile in the Atlantic States, excepting New England, and in the Rocky Mountain region warmer weather prevailed.

The storm central over Arkansas yesterday had been driven almost directly northward and today was centered over southwestern Wisconsin. Storm warnings were displayed on the Great Lakes.

Heavy snow fell in parts of Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri and Illinois, with the heaviest at Moline, where 8 inches covered the ground for an all-time record.

Southeastern Michigan was warned of a cold wave tonight and rather cold weather was forecast for most of the lake region.

Another disturbance of minor force was centered over western Montana and another fall in temperature was recorded in Alberta, Canada.

In Chicago, where snow continued falling this afternoon, the thermometer had dropped to 29 degrees above zero and a reading of 22 above was forecast for tonight. Three deaths here were attributed to the snowstorm.

The air mail plane due at Moline, Ill., from Dallas, Tex., yesterday was halted at Winfield, Iowa, and the giant passenger plane which has been making a trial trip between Chicago and Dallas was marooned at a Moline airport.

2,595th Ferguson Clemency Frees Man

Austin, Tex., Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—A full pardon was granted today by Gov. Miriam A. Ferguson to William Lester Crawford, young lawyer, member of a well-known Dallas family, under a two-to-five-year sentence for having shot and killed Paul O'Day, another young and well-known lawyer. Crawford had served one of the sentence, as appeals and legal motions on file until Wednesday had stayed the sentence.

The pardon brought the number of clemencies granted by Gov. Ferguson to 2,595, according to available figures, which is said to be a record for any Texas governor.

Baby Found in Woods Dies an Hour Later

Pittsburg, Tenn., Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—A 4-year-old boy who wandered into the mountain fastnesses of this section yesterday, died today from exposure an hour after he was found near the top of Cumberland mountain.

The child, Vincent Dawson, was left to play alone in the yard at his home and was not missed for some time. Unable to find him near where he was playing, his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Dawson, organized scores of searchers and sought the child. Shortly before noon today a party came upon the lad, lying unconscious, far up the mountainside.

Robber Padlocks Two Men After Looting Cash Box

A lone robber, his face masked with a handkerchief, last night entered the Sanitary grocery store at 1434 E street southeast. Five minutes later he emerged with \$20, stolen from the cash register, and a padlock, with which he locked two men in the store, then disappeared into the downpour of rain.

Richard L. Reeves, 1954 Massachusetts avenue southeast, manager of the store, told Detective Carlton Talley, of headquarters, that the intruder entered as he was about to close the store. Pointing a pistol at Reeves, he ordered, "Stick 'em up and don't move." Reeves complied with the command.

Going to the register, the robber took \$20 in bills and change. Sighting look near the register, the robber took it and backed out the door. He secured the double door with the lock and was seen to walk leisurely away. The robber was as unconscious of the presence of a clerk as the clerk was of the robber.

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NICARAGUAN REBEL REQUESTED BY U.S. TO LAY DOWN ARMS

Admiral Latimer Tells
Moncada Fighting
Must Stop.

IF NOT, ANNOUNCES
AMERICA WILL ACT

General Is Advised to Come
Into Agreement With the
New Government.

BEGINS CONSULTATION
WITH CHIEF SUPPORTER

Kellogg Promises Aid to Diaz
in Effort to Suppress Out-
side Disorders.

(Special Cable Dispatch.)

Bluefields, Nov. 18.—Rear Admiral Julian Latimer called the rebel leader Gen. Moncada aboard the U. S. S. Rochester this afternoon and read to him the dispatch from Washington requesting the rebel leader to lay down his arms and enter into an agreement with the new Nicaraguan government, headed by Adolfo Diaz, intimating there would be a general amnesty if this were done.

Otherwise, the United States will be obliged to take action not to permit further fighting. Gen. Moncada is consulting with former Vice President Saca, the rebel's choice for president, and his supporters.

By ALBERT W. FOX.

The United States government will stand behind the government of Nicaragua in the latter's efforts to establish peace with the liberals and frustrate "further hostilities and invasion on the part of the government of Mexico." This was the outstanding development yesterday in the critical situation brought about by continued Mexican efforts to spread the communistic doctrines of President Calles in Nicaragua, as well as elsewhere in Central America. Secretary of State Kellogg has not specified the particular form which American aid to Nicaragua will take. Presumably this will depend on Mexico, though the State Department diplomatically avoids mentioning Mexico in connection with the "disorders caused by outside sources."

American warships in Nicaraguan waters and the power that stands behind protection of American lives in Nicaragua are ready to be employed in the hoped-for process of peaceful solution of the present troubles.

Calles and Liberals Given Chance.

But if continued, Mexican activities cause turmoil which threatens to endanger American lives as well as to disrupt the country, the warships as well as the power which stands behind American diplomacy may admittedly have to be otherwise employed. Apparently it is for Calles and his liberal followers in Nicaragua to choose which course they will prefer to have the United States pursue.

Adolfo Diaz, the newly elected president of Nicaragua, has given the United States carte blanche to follow whatever course it deems to be in the best interest of peace and order, according to a dispatch received at the State Department from American Charge d'Affaires Dennis.

"I desire to say to you," President Diaz writes in a signed letter transmitted by Mr. Dennis, "at the same time that whatever may be the means chosen by the Department of State they will meet with the approval of my absolute confidence in the high spirit of justice of the government of the United States."

Before this concluding paragraph, President Diaz refers to Mexican aid of revolution and armed intervention in Nicaraguan political affairs.

Solution Asked By Diaz.
"For these reasons," President Diaz writes, "and appreciating the friendly disposition of the United States toward republics and the intentions which your government has always manifested for the protection of the sovereignty and independence of all the countries of America by morally supporting legitimate governments in order to enable them to afford a tranquil field for foreign capital needed for the prosperity of these countries, I apply to you to solicit with the same good will with which you have aided Nicaraguan reconciliation for my government and in my name the support of the Department of State with a view to reaching a solution in the present crisis and avoiding further hostilities and invasion on the part of the government of Mexico."

The American destroyer Paulding is at Bluefields, Nicaragua, and other vessels will be sent to Nicaraguan waters if occasion requires. What these American destroyers will do if Mexico continues its armed intervention or seeks to land arms and ammunition in Nicaragua is an unanswerable question for the moment.

But the protection of American lives and the protection of foreign lives, as well, requires that armed intervention and bloodshed cease, and the situation (CONTINUED ON PAGE 4, COLUMN 5.)

MARIE DISAPPOINTS SOCIAL WASHINGTON IN ABANDONING TRIP

Girl Scouts and Others Also
Had Planned to Entertain
Royal Party.

ELABORATE PROGRAM
ARRANGED BY LEGATION

Teas, Luncheons and Dinners
Were to Have Crowned
Three-Day Stay.

Queen Marie's decision yesterday to abandon the remainder of her trip and go directly to New York and home caused disappointment to hundreds of members of Washington society. Girl Scouts to have entertained the queen and the royal party, which was to be a three-day stay, were disappointed. An elaborate program had been arranged by the Rumanian legation, and teas, luncheons and dinners were to have been given to the queen and her entourage. The queen's stay was to be a three-day stay, and the queen was to be entertained by the Rumanian legation. The queen's stay was to be a three-day stay, and the queen was to be entertained by the Rumanian legation.

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Report Ferdinand Has Died
Scouted at the Legation

A report, believed false by Minister Grefano, of Rumania, was circulated in Washington early last night that King Ferdinand of Rumania, had died in Bucharest unexpectedly.

The rumor arose after it was officially announced by the Rumanian legation that Queen Marie had left the city for the United States and had started home.

Queen Marie's message to the legation here gave no indication that King Ferdinand was dead or expected to die. Minister Grefano told The Post, adding that he believed the death rumor to be false. He had received no word yesterday from his government as to the condition of the king's health, but earlier advice had said that Ferdinand's health was not good and that his indisposition had become more serious, the Minister said.

Messengers Warned
On Traffic Violations

Traffic Director M. O. Eldridge yesterday called on messenger companies in the District to compel their messengers on bicycles to obey traffic regulations.

Numerous complaints have been received against them and instructions will be issued police to arrest boys who do not obey the traffic regulations and signals of traffic policemen, he said.

QUEEN STOPS TOUR; WILL HASTEN TO KING

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

President of the National City Bank of New York, Stanley Washburn, one of the officials with Queen Marie's train, tonight telegraphed Gov. William J. Fields, Kentucky, demanding an apology of Maj. George M. Chesler, Kentucky National Guard, for ordering newspaper men traveling with the royal party out of an automobile on the return trip from Hodgenville, Lincoln's birthplace.

Maj. Chesler and other national guardsmen were in an automobile near the end of the line when the queen and her entourage were ordered to get out of the car and walk to the hotel.

A short distance further the queen's entourage also developed tire trouble and Maj. Chesler ordered the party, which consisted of newspaper men and a woman member of the queen's entourage, from the automobile. The queen's entourage was ordered to get out of the car and walk to the hotel.

Maj. Chesler early tonight went to the royal train to apologize but Maj. Washburn declined for the queen to see him. He said that since the queen was not an official one, no national guard officer had been ordered to see her. The queen's entourage was ordered to get out of the car and walk to the hotel.

Reservations on Berengaria
New York, Nov. 18 (By A. P.)—Reservations have been booked for Queen Marie of Rumania on the Berengaria, sailing from New York Wednesday. It was announced at the Cunard Line offices today.

Reservations made a week ago on the White Star liner Majestic, sailing December 11, had not been canceled to night.

No Anxiety in Bucharest.
Bucharest, Rumania, Nov. 18 (By A. P.)—King Ferdinand's condition caused no anxiety, Premier Averescu told parliament last evening, but as his malady is of long standing the cure is necessarily slow.

(Ferdinand's ailment has been designated as sigmoiditis, or inflammation of the large intestine.)

Pastor's Family Hurt
In Crash on Way Here

The wife and child of the Rev. Henry Wooding, of Newton, Ill., were injured seriously in an automobile accident at Springfield, Ohio, yesterday, according to word received here last night by the Rev. J. R. Sizoo, pastor of the New York Avenue Presbyterian church and moderator of the Washington Presbytery.

Mr. Wooding was on his way to Washington by automobile to take the pastorate of the Eckington Presbyterian church.

RUDOLPH IS GUEST
OF COLORED CITIZENS

Testimonial Meeting Is Held;
Presented With Cane by
District Employees.

Colored citizens, old and young, from various walks of life came together at the Dunbar High school last night in testimonial to Cuno H. Rudolph, retiring commissioner of the District of Columbia. Commissioners Bell and Dougherty and many other officials of the District government were seated on the platform of the auditorium, where a musical program was rendered by individuals and groups representing all sections of the city. Francis Wells presided.

An address of welcome was made by Mrs. Marie Marshall, John H. Paynter spoke on behalf of citizens of the far northeast suburbs. Garnet C. Wilkinson, for colored citizens, expressed "deep appreciation for the police and dignity with which the commissioner has conducted affairs of the District."

The commissioner was presented by E. C. Graham, president of the board of education. Mrs. Rudolph was the recipient of flowers, and the commissioner of a cane with the inscription "Presented by the colored employees of the District building."

He spoke briefly of the progress of the negro in civic affairs. Participating artists were Miss Ruth Poole, Miss Beatrice Ware, the Southwest Progressive quartet, Harry T. Stokes, Mrs. Elizabeth Spencer, Miss Clara Roma, Maurice Tibbs, Mrs. Elizabeth Dickson, Edward Syphax and Henry O. Ward.

SINCLAIR LEWIS ASSAILS FRIES ON FLURY STAND

Is General Judge of School
Subjects, He Asks Uni-
tarian League.

BALLOU IS COMMENDED

Sinclair Lewis, speaking last night before the Unitarian Laymen's league of All Souls' church, loosed an attack on Maj. Gen. Amos A. Fries for his attempt to bring about the dismissal of Henry Flury, Eastern High school teacher, for his definition of "socialism," published in the Forum magazine.

The novelist turned on Gen. Fries in the course of an academic discussion of the meaning of words. He was addressing 150 members of the men's church organization—the church attended by Chief Justice Taft and other notable.

"When did this man, Gen. Fries, trained in the manufacture of poison gas, with the power of the entire army behind him and the head of the local American Legion, when did he become judge of what we should teach in our public schools?" Mr. Lewis asked.

A resolution commending the board of education and the superintendent of schools "for upholding the constitutional right of freedom of expression" was adopted unanimously by the laymen's body at the close of Mr. Lewis' address. Dr. Frank W. Ballou, who sat next to the speaker at the dinner, was commended by Mr. Lewis for the stand he took in the Fries incident.

Ullric Bell, president of the National Press club, of which Gen. Fries is a member, last night issued the following statement: "This is a matter in which the National Press club has no interest. The National Press club and the National Press club post of the American Legion are entirely separate and distinct entities. Any one attempting to make it appear that the club is concerned in any way in this controversy is doing so without authority. Such an attempt would be asinine."

SUTER BROADCASTS
CITIZEN BODY NEEDS

Added Influence of Greater
Numbers Necessary,
He Declares.

"Citizens' associations clearly have demonstrated their value, but they need the added influence of greater numbers," Jesse C. Suter, general chairman of the organized citizenship campaign for increased membership, declared last night over the radio from station WRC.

The potential power of an organized citizenship body, which enlarged beyond the limits of the American Legion, was the subject of Suter's address. "The people of the District, lacking every vestige of representative government, need the added influence of greater numbers," Suter continued. "The people of the District, lacking every vestige of representative government, need the added influence of greater numbers."

Man Rescues Woman
From Death by Gas

Rescued from probable death by gas poisoning yesterday through the discovery of the escaping fumes by Dr. W. Lascolette, a roomer at 1718 Pennsylvania avenue northeast, Mrs. Nellie L. Kenny, 57 years old, also roomer at the above address, was revived in emergency hospital. Physicians say she will recover.

Mrs. Kenny had been ill the last few days and was confined to her bed. Patrolman E. F. Fogle, who conducted the police investigation, stated that she was found lying on the floor as if she had fallen out of bed in an effort to turn off the flow of gas from a heater beside the bed. She had been changed to her room and detected the odor of gas. He forced open the door and found Mrs. Kenny unconscious on the floor.

Failure of Current
Darkens Theaters

Theater audiences had to sit in the dark and persons attending a dance in the Naval Lodge hall last night had to dance in the dark for a short time when the electric current for the neighborhood of Third street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast failed.

The Senate theater at 322 Pennsylvania avenue was dark for some time and the audience finally gave up in despair. Officials of the Potomac Electric Power Co. said, summed that had happened to the current supporting the territory.

Frederick Lions Host
To 20 From This City

Headed by Thomas W. Brashley, president of the Lions club, and Robert L. McKee, governor of the Twenty-second district, more than twenty members of the organization journeyed to Frederick, Md., last night to attend an intercity meeting of the clubs.

Past President Benjamin F. Jones was the principal speaker at the dinner which the Frederick Lions gave the visitors at the Francis Scott Key hotel, and he and other men prominent in Lionism were speakers at the meeting which followed.

Woman Found Dead On Train.
While en route to Baltimore from Southern Pines, N. C., Miss Fannie Ida Goldstein, 22 years old, of Windsor, N. C., was found dead in a Pullman berth aboard a train entering the Union Station yesterday. Accompanying her on the train were a brother and a nurse. She was pronounced dead by Dr. Harnberger of the terminal staff.

De SALES CHAMBERS
FOR MEN
1735 DE SALES STREET
(Opposite Mayflower Hotel)
Telephone "Chug"

Service weight of fine strong silk above the knee; lisle top, toe and heel, will give the wear you expect in a service hose.

Full fashioned, in beautiful colors, and all for

2.00
3 pairs, 5.65
Delightful flesh color wool underhose 1.00

The Hosiery Shop
ARTHUR BURT CO.
1343 F St. N.W.

New Furniture
Twin Beds in Double Rooms
Cub. Bath, Shower
Telephone in Every Room
TARIFFS:
Single \$10.00 to \$15.00 per week
Double \$15.00 to \$20.00 per week
Double \$20.00 to \$25.00 per week
Daily Tariff, \$3.00 Single \$4.00 Double
Phone Main 10109 for Reservations

Taxicab Driver Held In Two Collisions

After colliding with a truck yesterday afternoon, and a few minutes later striking a horse-drawn wagon, unseating the driver and knocking down the horse, J. A. Schafer, 40 years old, of Potomac, Va., a taxicab driver, was arrested last night by police of the Third precinct and charged with "hit-and-run" driving, and driving an automobile while under the influence of liquor.

According to police, Schafer left after striking a milk truck driven by James C. Shelton, of Ballston, Va., on the Union Station plaza. Driving north on North Capitol street he is said to have collided with the wagon, driven by Richard Barnes, colored, 45 years old, 43 L street northeast. Barnes suffered lacerations of the head, while the horse, knocked from its feet, received cuts and bruises.

DUCK AMAZES CLUB
BY COMING TO LIFE

"Killed" by a Metropolitan
Member, It Flees Icebox
With Quacks.

"Quack! Quack! Quack!" heralded an impromptu bird hunt yesterday in the corridors of the Metropolitan Club, when staff waiters and perspiring chefs chased a supposedly dead duck from ice box to dining room. The duck, the property of P. C. Anderson, a member of the club, who expected to eat it but had to wait until it was "killed" a second time.

Started his duck hunt last night newspapers, stopped their billiard games, pushed aside coffee cups, as a waiter ran up and Mr. Anderson gasped: "Your duck has escaped from the ice box!"

At the same time a rush of wings in the rear of the clubhouse followed by loud quacking, and a hubbub of voices, verified this announcement. Several minutes later a heavy thud told the members that the duck had decided to eat it before it came to life again. The bird was one of those shot by him on Wednesday and placed in the ice box for dinner.

Auto Driver Is Held
In Passenger's Death

Stephen Simon Eizler, 22 years old, 207 Sixth street northeast, driver of the automobile in which Robert Warren Johnson, 24 years old, of Hyattsville, died last night, was arrested when his head struck a pole at the side of Queen's Chapel road, yesterday. Eizler was charged with manslaughter.

Eizler was lodged in the District jail on a charge of manslaughter, following the death of Johnson. Johnson was driving a District refuse wagon, when the animal became frightened and bolted. Eizler was driving a car, and his head struck a pole at the side of Queen's Chapel road, yesterday.

Driver Is Injured
In Horse Runaway

Residents of the 700 block of E street southeast yesterday witnessed the rare spectacle of a runaway horse. Charles Winters, colored employee of the District of Columbia, was driving a District refuse wagon, when the animal became frightened and bolted. Eizler was driving a car, and his head struck a pole at the side of Queen's Chapel road, yesterday.

Schoolboy Is Stabbed
In "Kidding" Row

Resenting the "kidding" that he was subjected to by schoolmates yesterday afternoon, police state, Charles Ashton, 12 years old, 182 Morris road southeast, stabbed and probably fatally wounded James Alexander, colored, 12 years old, 182 Morris road southeast. Alexander is in Casualty hospital, suffering from a serious stab wound in his back.

Commission to Plan
Highway Program

Purchase of two or three small tracts for parking purposes, and preparation of a plan for the highway program, which will consider a major highway plan for Washington and its environs, will be considered at the November meeting of the National Capital park and planning commission today.

Committees from Maryland and Virginia will confer with the commission at its December meeting. Today's meeting is for transaction of routine business solely.

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Double \$20.00 to \$25.00 per week
Daily Tariff, \$3.00 Single \$4.00 Double
Phone Main 10109 for Reservations

ARRESTS IN OCTOBER SHOW 1,000 INCREASE

Four Murders Listed in Report of Inspector Shelly on Police Activities.

Four murders and one arrest for murder were reported by the police as having occurred in October when Inspector William E. Shelly made public his monthly report of police activities yesterday.

Total arrests numbered 8,241, an increase of more than 1,000 over the preceding month, 3,076 of them having been for traffic violations, as reported by Shelly. There were 1,473 arrests for intoxication, driving while drunk and drinking in public, and 423 for violations of the Volstead act. Three hundred and five arrests were for felonies, and 2,200 for ordinary misdemeanors. Seizures of liquor included 1,140 gallons of beverages and 3,370 gallons of mash. Five stills and 44 motor vehicles were taken.

The following criminal complaints were made during the month: Assault with deadly weapons, 28; robberies with weapons, 6; without weapons, 9; suicides, 14; attempted suicides, 13. In addition to 11 traffic deaths, there were 8 accidental fatalities.

Engineering College
Revision Is Urged

Outstripped by science and industry, American engineering colleges must revise their methods by obtaining more able and inspiring teachers and by more thorough selective admission requirements. This was declared yesterday by the board of investigation and coordination of the Society for the Promotion of Engineering Education, the purpose of the board being to coordinate the engineering education of the United States and Canada at the Cosmos club preliminary to the opening of the convention of the society today.

The board, headed by Prof. Charles P. Scott, of Yale university, presented the results of a three-year fact-finding investigation just completed in this country and Europe, at a cost of more than \$200,000 more than half of which was provided by the Carnegie corporation.

Prof. Cook Installs
New Order of G.W.U.

Coif Is Highest Honor Obtainable for Standing in Law School.

Prof. Walter Wheeler Cook, of Yale university, last night at the University club, installed the George Washington university law school chapter of the Order of the Coif. At a banquet attended by members of the faculty of the law school, the chapter of the Order of the Coif, the members of the organization, members of the law school faculty, were initiated. Later the undergraduates will be initiated formally into the chapter.

President William Mather Lewis, president of George Washington, was the guest of honor at the installation. The new chapter of the Order of the Coif, the members of the organization, members of the law school faculty, were initiated. Later the undergraduates will be initiated formally into the chapter.

Would End Partnership.
Eugenia L. Schaefer, 1432 Taylor street northwest, filed suit yesterday in equity court against Grace D. Farrell, 1813 Adams Mill road, for a dissolution of the partnership existing between them under which they operated a beauty shop at the Adams Mill road address. Through Attorney Albert D. Esher the plaintiff says that irreconcilable differences exist between herself and her partner.

Poor Little
Lamb Chop!

I am a little lamb chop. I spent last night on the window sill—and I got chilled to the bone. Then, this morning, the sun came out, and the lady of the house forgot to take me in off the window sill. Can I be blamed if my flavor isn't all that it should be, when I am cooked for dinner tonight?

A hint for newblonds: If there isn't room in your apartment for a regular sized refrigerator, don't despair! Many young couples buy one of those small hospital-type refrigerators—they aren't expensive, and you can keep it always filled with ice for a few pennies a day. And your food stays fresh and pure!

American
ICE
Company

A Worth While
Invitation—

65c
HARVEY'S
11th and Pa. Ave.

1st Mortgage
Loans
5 1/2%

H. L. Rust Co.
1001-15th St. N.W.

POLICEMAN CLEARED OF DEBT ACCUSATION

Representative Blanton Backs
Staples Before Trial Board
in Realty Case.

Motorcycle Policeman Orville Staples, of the Seventh precinct, yesterday was exonerated of charges of having "failed to pay a just debt," by the police trial board. The policeman was defended by Representative Thomas L. Blanton, who declared that should Staples be found guilty laws of the District regarding debt all are wrong and that he would set out to change them.

Staples was charged with having failed to pay Robert Munro, a builder, a small judgment rendered against the policeman in municipal court by Judge Mary O'Toole. Staples contended he had exchanged the equity of another house and a cash payment through an agent as first payment on one of Munro's houses. Later the agent disappeared and Munro attempted to collect the first payment again, Staples said.

Staples achieved notoriety several months ago by obtaining a warrant for the arrest of Commissioner Penning on a parking charge. Penning was not tried, however. At that time Staples was attached to the Third precinct as a foot patrolman. Policemen C. F. Cummins and W. A. Pfeiffer, of the Ninth precinct, both pleaded guilty to entering a private residence to establish while on duty and without reason.

Dropped Match Causes Blaze.
A carelessly dropped match early yesterday started a fire which caused damage estimated at \$200 to the apartment of Mrs. B. M. 2700 Connecticut avenue northwest. Fire apparatus responding to the alarm quickly extinguished the blaze.

SPECIAL NOTICES

ZONING COMMISSION OF THE DISTRICT OF Columbia, Washington, November 12, 1926. In accordance with the provisions of section 3 of an act of Congress, approved March 1, 1920 (Public No. 153, Sixty-sixth Congress), the following is hereby given: A public hearing will be held in the boardroom of the Commission, at 10 A. M., NOVEMBER 24, 1926, for the purpose of considering the following proposed changes in the boundaries of the use, height and area districts: To-wit: 1. Change from second commercial, D area, 60 feet height, to first commercial, D area, 80 feet height, on the west by Fourth and a-half street, and on the east by Fifth and a-half street, and on the north by Maine avenue, on the east by Fourth and a-half street, on the south by Maryland avenue, on the west by Maryland avenue, 2. Change from residential, C area, 30 feet height, to residential, C area, 40 feet height, on the north by Maine avenue, on the east by Fourth and a-half street, on the south by Maryland avenue, on the west by Maryland avenue, 3. Change from residential, C area, 30 feet height, to residential, C area, 40 feet height, on the north by Maine avenue, on the east by Fourth and a-half street, on the south by Maryland avenue, on the west by Maryland avenue, 4. Change from residential, C area, 30 feet height, to residential, C area, 40 feet height, on the north by Maine avenue, on the east by Fourth and a-half street, on the south by Maryland avenue, on the west by Maryland avenue, 5. Change from residential, C area, 30 feet height, to residential, C area, 40 feet height, on the north by Maine avenue, on the east by Fourth and a-half street, on the south by Maryland avenue, on the west by Maryland avenue, 6. 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NAVY MUST RETAIN MERCHANT MARINE. SHIP BOARD TOLD

Capt. J. K. Robinson Asserts
More New Craft Must
Be Constructed.

DISARMAMENT POLICY AT STAKE, IS HIS VIEW

Plunkett Says Ships Can Be
Installed Easily if Vessels
Are Available.

New York, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—The "public opinion" which the United States Shipping Board has sought on the problem of the merchant marine, spoke right up today, and near the wind-up of the board's country-wide tour, expressed itself on why and how the government should get out of the shipping business.

The most outspoken persons present were officers of the United States navy, who declared that the navy "wants and must have an adequate merchant marine from the point of national defense if this country's shores are to be protected from possible foreign invasion."

Capt. J. K. Robinson, retired, of the Third Naval district, asserted that if America is to keep abreast of ship building in the world today, the country "must build 400,000 tons of shipping a year."

Should Build More Ships. He told the members of the Shipping Board, "to build more ships. But I don't care who builds them—private enterprise or the government itself, but this country must have ships."

"And it hasn't got them, and isn't getting them. There are hardly half as many shipbuilding plants in the country now as there were before—not during the war."

"We can't scrap another ship until we have a merchant marine. Our whole disarmament program hinges on our having an effective sea service for commerce and defense."

The failure of a merchant marine policy spells the failure of our navy's disarmament. Moreover, he said, he saw grave trouble for the whole shipbuilding industry, which is in danger of collapse, because builders could not afford to pay the wages that are attracting skilled men to the erection of skyscrapers.

Survey By Congress Asked. Plans were outlined by the American Steamship Owners association, urging that the Shipping Board recommend to Congress that a survey be made of the lines that now are losing money. When this information is at hand, the recommendations continued, the government

should offer those lines for sale to private interests, together with mail contracts guaranteed to offset the loss.

The meeting, at the end of today's session, unanimously adopted a resolution that the "United States should develop and maintain an adequate merchant marine privately owned where possible on a permanent basis, but meanwhile developed and operated by the United States Shipping Board."

Rear Admiral Charles P. Plunkett sailed into the discussion, warning that the whole problem of national defense hinges on the quick construction of an effective group of ships for American commerce routes.

Can Easily Install Guns. "The policy of the American merchant marine," the admiral told those attending the Shipping Board hearing, "is concurrent with the policy of disarmament. We can't afford to scrap any more warships until we have a merchant marine. The policy of one depends on the other. It's no trick at all to put a gun on a ship."

A fleet large enough to carry 50 per cent of American commerce is the goal sought by the Shipping Board.

This mark was set today by chairman T. V. O'Connor, of the Shipping Board. He explained that the board had expert opinions, that the country unanimously favored the merchant marine, and majority opinion was for private operation of this type of motor fuel is due to the high percentage of aromatics and unsaturated hydrocarbons contained therein," he said.

The United States has approximately 1,600,000,000 tons of the 3,154,000,000 tons of bituminous coal in the world on the basis of estimates, he asserted.

"By means of low-temperature distillation of this quantity of bituminous coal," he continued, "800,000,000 barrels of tar can be produced, which, under cracking conditions, would yield 240,000,000 barrels of motor fuel of high antiknock properties."

Clarence B. Wisner, of the Carbonate Co., Canton, Ohio, placed before the delegates what he termed coal balls, produced by heating raw coal. The product is smooth, irregularly round, of varied shapes and sizes. Explaining the process, Wisner said heat was driven into the coal and that the hot dry coal was then in condition for completion into balls as it flows from the carbonizer.

A low-priced artificial anthracite coal, manufactured from soft coal under heat and pressure, may become available to the public in the near future, C. V. McIntire, of the Consolidation Coal Products Co., New York, said.

The process, developed at the experimental plant of the company at Fairmont, W. Va., has reached the stage where the owners are ready to proceed with the erection of a commercial plant.

Mine Peace Refused, Union Heads Gloomy

London, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—A. J. Cook, the miners' secretary, announced today that the vote of the men was against acceptance of the government's strike settlement proposals by a large majority. All the large districts were against acceptance by considerable margins, he said, except in Yorkshire, where there was a very small majority in favor of acceptance.

The members of the miners' executive meeting this afternoon to consider the settlement were gloomy and perplexed. The delegate conference, which last week recommended that the miners accept the terms, will meet tomorrow in an endeavor to solve the difficulty.

Portsmouth, N. H., Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—Miss Charlotte MacDougall, daughter of Rear Admiral and Mrs. W. E. MacDougall, was married today to Henrik de Kauffmann, minister from Denmark to Japan and China.

The bridegroom was transferred to the Orient two years ago from Rome. Miss MacDougall made her debut in Washington where she was a member of the Junior league.

The Rev. Boland Cotton Smith, rector emeritus of St. John's church, Washington, officiated at the home wedding. M. de Treschow, counselor of the Danish legation at Washington represented the legation.

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800 YEARS' MOTOR FUEL IN SOFT COAL OF U. S.

Dr. Egloff Asserts Tar From
Bituminous Product Can
Be Converted.

ANTHRACITE ALSO MADE

Pittsburgh, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—The vast bituminous coal deposits of the United States can supply the world's need for motor fuel for the next 800 years, according to Dr. Gustav Egloff, technical director, Universal Oil Products Co., Chicago.

In making this prediction tonight at the final session of the international conference on bituminous coal at Carnegie Institute of Technology, Dr. Egloff described how he had converted tar, extracted from coal, into motor fuel through the medium of a cracking process. Dr. Egloff said the motor fuel he invented would double the mileage per gallon as compared to ordinary gasoline, while operating a high compression motor. "The superior quality of this type of motor fuel is due to the high percentage of aromatics and unsaturated hydrocarbons contained therein," he said.

The United States has approximately 1,600,000,000 tons of the 3,154,000,000 tons of bituminous coal in the world on the basis of estimates, he asserted.

"By means of low-temperature distillation of this quantity of bituminous coal," he continued, "800,000,000 barrels of tar can be produced, which, under cracking conditions, would yield 240,000,000 barrels of motor fuel of high antiknock properties."

Clarence B. Wisner, of the Carbonate Co., Canton, Ohio, placed before the delegates what he termed coal balls, produced by heating raw coal. The product is smooth, irregularly round, of varied shapes and sizes. Explaining the process, Wisner said heat was driven into the coal and that the hot dry coal was then in condition for completion into balls as it flows from the carbonizer.

A low-priced artificial anthracite coal, manufactured from soft coal under heat and pressure, may become available to the public in the near future, C. V. McIntire, of the Consolidation Coal Products Co., New York, said.

The process, developed at the experimental plant of the company at Fairmont, W. Va., has reached the stage where the owners are ready to proceed with the erection of a commercial plant.

Mine Peace Refused, Union Heads Gloomy

London, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—A. J. Cook, the miners' secretary, announced today that the vote of the men was against acceptance of the government's strike settlement proposals by a large majority. All the large districts were against acceptance by considerable margins, he said, except in Yorkshire, where there was a very small majority in favor of acceptance.

The members of the miners' executive meeting this afternoon to consider the settlement were gloomy and perplexed. The delegate conference, which last week recommended that the miners accept the terms, will meet tomorrow in an endeavor to solve the difficulty.

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QUEEN VICTORIA HATED SON, DIPLOMAT WRITES

Unsigned Book Stirs London
by Lashing Royalty and
Leading Personages.

WAR GENERALS ASSAILED

London, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—"The Whispering Gallery," a book by an anonymous author which appeared today, is likely to cause a society sensation. The author makes the claim, "My name is a household word among Europeans," and he does with the most intimate incidents of the court and the private affairs of noted personages.

Of the subject matter of the book, "The Westminster Gazette" says in its review: "The victims of this diplomat's exceedingly outspoken gossip include members of the royal family and others, whose names are held in high esteem throughout the British empire."

The author quotes King Edward VII as having said to him: "My mother (Queen Victoria), whom I greatly admired, hated me because she imagined I had hastened my father's death. I never in my life had a real heart-to-heart talk with her. Toward the end of her life we were mutually obnoxious, and I never left her presence without a sigh of relief."

The author relates an incident of Queen Alexandra's erasing the names of seven persons from the list to be presented at court, although she was informed they were included at King Edward's request. The names were: Mrs. Bessie Woodworth, the girl who led the State troopers on their raid Tuesday night; it charges that the "king" on February 5, 1921, committed statutory assault on Mrs. Woodworth.

Prosecuting Attorney Bookwalter approved the issuance of the warrant after he had heard Bessie Woodworth's story.

The warrant was placed in Under-sheriff Paget's hands and, accompanied by five officers, Paget left for the "House of David," where the arrest was made.

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the government of the day would not set an ultimatum to President Kruger of the South African republic, fearing that the country would not stand for it, authorized the raid, but told Rhodes caustically that if the raid failed he would be compelled to disown the Rhodes group, which later he did. Mr. Rhodes added that, by threatening revelation of the affair, he induced Mr. Chamberlain to release and compensate the participants in the raid.

Poincare May Reopen
Debt Parley Here

Paris, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—The Echo de Paris says Premier Poincare probably will start fresh conversations with the Washington and London governments on the question of debt settlements. His object is to be able to present the debt question to parliament in the most favorable possible light when the time comes.

HOUSE OF DAVID KING
AGAIN UNDER ARREST

Carried on Stretcher Into
Court, Gives Bail on Charge
Preferred by Girl.

Benton Harbor, Mich., Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—"King Benjamin" Purnell was carried by House of David men on a stretcher to court tonight, after being arrested again on a warrant charging statutory assault. Bail of \$5,000 was furnished and Purnell was returned to Shulish in an ambulance.

The arrest was made on a new warrant based on a complaint signed by Mrs. Bessie Woodworth, the girl who led the State troopers on their raid Tuesday night; it charges that the "king" on February 5, 1921, committed statutory assault on Mrs. Woodworth.

Prosecuting Attorney Bookwalter approved the issuance of the warrant after he had heard Bessie Woodworth's story.

The warrant was placed in Under-sheriff Paget's hands and, accompanied by five officers, Paget left for the "House of David," where the arrest was made.

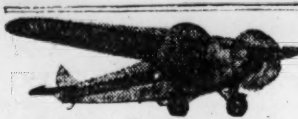
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14th St. and Vermont Ave.
at Thomas Circle
CONVENIENT,
COMFORTABLE,
REASONABLE.
Two and three room suites,
furnished, with hotel service.



3,100 Passengers
Carried Safely
3-Engine Fokker Planes. Com-
fortable seats, heated cabins,
unobstructed view. Only ordi-
nary street clothing required.
"Go by Air" to
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Main 3393
U. S. AIR MAIL SAVES TIME

FRANK KIDWELL'S MARKET NEWS

Smoked Shoulders; fine quality (8 to 10 lbs.) 16c
lb. 16c
Fresh Shoulders; very fine; lb. 19c
Smoked Hams, No. 1 grade (8 to 10 lbs.) 31c
lb. 31c
Fresh Hams; very fine (8 to 10 lbs.) 29c
lb. 29c
Round Steak; lb. 23c
Sirloin Steak; lb. 25c
Porterhouse Steak; lb. 28c
(Saturday Only)
Pure Apple Cider—Fresh from Virginia farms—½ gal. 15c Gal. 23c
Compound—a hard substitute—Saturday only; 12c
Extra Fancy New York State Eating and Cooking Apples, 1 whole peck (12 lbs.) 19c
Fresh Killed Frying Chickens from nearby farms; lb. 40c
Fancy Jersey Sweet Potatoes; 4 lbs. for 10c
Fancy Chuck Roast—Lb. 18c, 20, 22c
Loin Pork Chops; lb. 35c
Lean Pork Chops; lb. 25c
Hamburg Steak (fresh ground); lb. 15c
Fresh Spare Ribs; lb. 22c
Sauerkraut—Extra Fine—Saturday only—quart 10c
Kidwell's "Favorite" Oiled; lb. 23c
Gold Medal Pure Creamery Butter—a very fine article; lb. 53c
Fine Guaranteed Eggs; dozen 45c
Extra Fancy Roasting Chickens; lb. 40c
Veal Cutlets; lb. 45c
Loin Veal Roast; lb. 35c
Breast Veal Roast; lb. 20c
Shoulder Veal Roast; lb. 25c
Pure Hogs' Lard; lb. 16c
Bread—Fresh 16-ounce loaf 7c
MILK—Fresh Pasteurized—Pint, 6c Quart, 12c

A KIDWELL STORE NEAR YOUR HOME

LONG DISTANCE MOVERS

SMITH'S
FIRE-PROOF
STORAGE
PRIVATE ROOM OR OPEN STORAGE
CRATE AND PACK BY EXPERTS
1121 J STREET, N.W.
PHONE NORTH 3343

The terms of Morris Plan Loans are simple and practical and fair—it is not necessary to have had an account at this bank to borrow.

For each \$50 or fraction borrowed you agree to deposit \$1 per week in an account, the proceeds of which may be used to cancel the note when due. Deposits may be made on a weekly, semi-monthly or monthly basis as you prefer.

Easy to Pay

Loan	Weekly Deposit
\$100	\$2.00
\$200	\$4.00
\$300	\$6.00
\$400	\$8.00
\$500	\$10.00
\$1,000	\$20.00
\$5,000	\$100.00
\$10,000	\$200.00

Loans are passed with a day or two after filing application with few exceptions.

MORRIS PLAN notes are usually made for 1 year, though they may be given for any period of from 3 to 12 months.

MORRIS PLAN BANK
Under Supervision U. S. Treasury
1408 H Street N. W.
"Character and Earning Power Are the Basis of Credit"

REPORTER U.S. VIEW IN NICARAGUAN ROW EXCITES MEXICANS

Stand Assailed as Inconsistent; Like Pot Calling Kettle Black, Editorial Says.

LAY FILIBUSTER BLAME ON INDIVIDUAL CITIZENS

Two Nations Have Same Central American Interests, Calles Officials Say.

Mexico City, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—Intense general interest, considerable feeling that the situation contains possible grave aspects, and not a little excitement have been caused by Washington dispatches declaring the United States government views with concern outside influence on Nicaraguan affairs, in connection with the direct accusation by the Nicaraguan president, Adolfo Diaz, that Mexico has invaded the sovereign rights of Nicaragua.

The official attitude of the Mexican government is a denial that it has interfered in Nicaraguan politics or revolutions or has promoted any filibustering expeditions to Nicaragua, government officials, however, thus far have declined to make any direct official comment, because the United States government's attitude has not been brought officially to the attention of this government. Both the foreign office and the American charge, Arthur Schoenfeld, assert no representations have been made to the Mexican government.

The indication that Washington considers the possibility of its Mexican relations being complicated further by Mexican filibustering influences manifesting themselves in Central America generally is regarded here as one of the most significant aspects of the situation. It is believed the government is giving careful thought to what reply, if any, it will make to this intimation.

Same Interests as U. S.

Mexican officials declare their country has precisely the same interests in Central America as the United States has, and naturally desires a sphere of influence.

Mexico, these officials say, has and desires to continue close relations with the Central American countries, and they contend the United States has no right to criticize Mexico for precisely the same desires as the United States itself has.

Again emphasizing that the Mexican government has not interfered in Nicaraguan affairs, the officials argue that if individual Mexicans have been engaged in filibustering or meddling in the affairs of Nicaragua, United States citizens have fomented, supported and participated in revolutions in all the Central American countries, as well as in Mexico.

In addition to the foregoing authorities outline of the Mexican government's feelings, the newspaper Excelsior publishes an editorial declaration, pointing out what it terms the inconsistency of the United States in complaining of Nicaragua in view of the long presence of United States marines there.

Italian Air Victor Calls on President

Maj. Mario de Bernadi, commander of the victorious Italian air team in the Schneider cup races, and smash of the world's record for seaplanes on a 3-kilometer course, received the personal congratulations of President Coolidge yesterday, on his visit to Washington.

He, with his teammates, was accompanied to the White House by Noble Giacomini de Martino, the Italian Ambassador, and then conversed with the President through an interpreter. Following their call, the Italian air victors, with Lieut. George T. Cuddihy and W. G. Tomlinson, U. S. N., and Lieut. C. F. Schilt, U. S. M. C., the navy's Schneider team, were entertained at luncheon at the Italian embassy.

Elks Will Give \$250 For La Plata Victims

Expenditure of \$250 for the relief of the La Plata tornado victims last night was authorized by Washington lodge, No. 15, B. P. O. E., at a meeting in the clubrooms, 919 H street northwest. The lodge also turned over \$500 to the Children's hospital as the second installment of its annual \$1,000 appropriation for the hospitalization of crippled children.

\$35,000,000 in Soviet Goods Bought by U. S.

(By Associated Press.)
The United States bought \$35,000,000 worth of Soviet goods for the Russian fiscal year ended September 30, it was reported yesterday by the Russian information bureau. At the same time Russia took close to \$55,000,000 in merchandise from the United States, exclusive of imports by foreign concessionaires.

Imports from Russia increased nearly 70 per cent, and exports to that country decreased 37 per cent.

NICARAGUAN REBEL IS ASKED TO DISARM

(Continued From Page 1)

ple process of nipping Mexican activities in the bud by capturing the ships laden with soldiers, arms and munition would admittedly suggest itself to American naval officers charged with the responsibility of safeguarding Americans.

It was hinted at the State Department that some of the foreign powers have indicated that they would expect protection for their nationals. This implies that America must either extend that protection or permit foreign warships to assume the task. And the presence of foreign warships in Central American waters is not related in the United States in times like the present.

The policy which the United States government has pursued and is pursuing is primarily aimed at restoring peace and avoiding the kind of turmoil and bloodshed which necessarily endangers American and foreign lives. With a view to preserving peace and encouraging an orderly solution of Nicaragua's problem, rather than a solution based on armed force, Secretary Kellogg suggested to President Coolidge that an embargo be placed on American arms destined for Nicaragua.

"How interesting," Mexican Says.
The embargo was clapped on and Mr. Kellogg asked the government of Mexico as well as Central American governments to follow the example of the United States with respect to the embargo. The Central American republics willingly acquiesced. The American charge d'affaires in Mexico City called at the Mexican foreign office and presented a formal communication from Secretary Kellogg respecting the embargo.

"How interesting!" was the comment of the Mexican foreign minister, but the government of Calles never accepted the program for peace which America and the Central American republics have sponsored. Instead armed expeditions from Mexico began landing on Nicaraguan shores. This, in a nutshell, is the interference "from outside sources" which the United States government is now asked by Nicaragua to take under advisement. And Mr. Kellogg has made it clear that Nicaragua's request for America's good offices to stop the expeditions is not to be taken into consideration so far as Calles is concerned. He is not to be taken into consideration so far as Calles is concerned. He is not to be taken into consideration so far as Calles is concerned.

NICARAGUA REPORTS U. S. LOAN ARRANGED

\$300,000 Credit Now, With One of \$6,000,000 Later, Is Said to Be Given.

Managua, Nicaragua, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—Announcement is made that a group of New York bankers is ready to advance an immediate loan of \$300,000 to Nicaragua. A larger loan, amounting to \$6,000,000, is further declared, will be made later.

President Adolfo Diaz, who took office on Sunday last and whose government has since been recognized by the United States, is in the midst of a revolution headed by an American to settle the claims arising from recent and old revolutionary activities.

The Guaranty Trust Co., J. G. White & Co. and J. & W. Seligman Co., all of New York, comprise the banking group mentioned in connection with the loan. New York, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—The group of New York bankers identified with the finances of the Nicaraguan Republic were without comment yesterday in the aftermath of a report from Managua indicating the newly recognized government of Adolfo Diaz desired an immediate loan of \$300,000, to be followed by a \$6,000,000 loan later.

Col. Hodges Elected Head of University

Baton Rouge, La., Nov. 18 (By A. P.). Col. Campbell B. Hodges, assigned to duty at West Point, was elected president of Louisiana State University today to succeed President Emeritus Thomas D. Boyd.

After his graduation from the Military Academy, Col. Hodges served as commandant of cadets at Louisiana State university. During the war he served as adjutant general of the Louisiana national guard and later as acting chief of staff of the Thirty-first division, colonel in the 122d infantry and on the general staff. After the war he became military attaché at the Madrid embassy.

Sesqui Is to Close \$5,000,000 in Debt

Philadelphia, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—The Sesquicentennial international exposition, which will close at the end of the month, will have a deficit of between \$5,000,000 and \$5,250,000.

This announcement was made today by Mayor Kendrick, who estimated that \$5,000,000 originally intended for subway construction would be used to pay the exposition's deficit. Authority to transfer the money has been granted by a vote of the people.

Efforts to have the sesqui reopened next year have progressed to the extent that a special meeting of the board of directors has been called for tomorrow, when a report on the proposition will be submitted. It was intimated that the report would favor the suggestion.

Revolt of Peasants In Russia Reported

London, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—An Exchange Telegraph agency dispatch from Berlin, Germany, reports a peasants' revolt in the Pskov district of Soviet Russia.

Quoting news from the Estonian frontier, the dispatch asserts former czarist officers are behind the uprising. Soviet cavalry has been sent to suppress the movement.

Worker's Death Inquest Today.
Coroner J. Ramsey Nevitt will conduct an inquest this morning at 11 o'clock in the death of George William Payne, 36 years old, 123 Payne street, Alexandria, Va., carpenter's helper, who died Wednesday afternoon from injuries suffered when the wall of a building under construction in the Walter Reed grounds fell upon him.

The Selfridge Sale
(By Catalogue)
At Public Auction
At Sloan's Galleries
715 13th St.
Today and Friday,
November 18th and 19th,
at 2 P. M. each day.

20,000 MEXICANS DECLARED IN ARMS TO UNSEAT CALLES

De La Huerta Asserts That All but One Group Proclaim Him as Leader.

EXPECTS TO HEAD OWN FORCES IN DUE TIME

Former President Shows the Notes From Field; Claims Are Doubted Here.

Los Angeles, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—More than 20,000 men are in arms in various states of Mexico in a general rebellious movement against the Calles regime, Adolfo de la Huerta, former Provisional President of Mexico, announced here today. Leaders of every unit with the exception of one have proclaimed De la Huerta their leader, he said.

The former president, who assumed office in 1920, when the Carranza regime was overthrown, and left it when Alvaro Obregon was elected president, said he had produced the notes of evidence to support his assertion that the rebel movement is being executed with a view to placing him in political power when control of the republic is obtained.

This evidence was in shape of letters brought to him through various channels, some printed on silk cloths, direct from rebel leaders, and others in his own handwriting. He said he had taken this place at the head of his sympathizers in Mexico.

Can Not Check Rising.

"They send letters and messengers to me proclaiming me their leader," he said. "What can I do? I can not denounce them. There is a provision in the Mexican constitution which says that the people may rise up against the organized authority if a revolt is had to tyranny. That is the situation in Mexico today."

"I want to say that I am not aligned with any so-called 'red' or 'bolshhevik' element in Mexico. That element is the Calles element."

Anti-Calles movements now are on foot in the states of Chihuahua, Guasahuato, Jalisco, Durango, Sonora, Vera Cruz, Guerrero, Puebla and many others, De la Huerta said.

He said he was in Sonora, he said, is taking concrete shape. Mexican are fighting with the Indians, all under the Yaqui chief general, Luis Mathias.

In Chihuahua, Nicholas Fernandez, former Villa chieftain, he said, is heading the revolt, while in Guasahuato, Gen. Rodolfo Gallegos is the rebel leader.

Report Doubtful Here.

(By the Associated Press.)
Informed officials here took a highly skeptical view last night of Adolfo de la Huerta's announcement in Los Angeles that more than 20,000 men were in revolt against the Calles regime in Mexico and had declared themselves for De la Huerta. Official advices from Mexico and the border do not reflect any such situation.

Aside from Yaqui Indian outbreak and vague rumors from border points of other impending revolts, none of which amount to any considerable movement, the Washington government has not been informed of any developments in Mexico foreshadowing a serious uprising.

Church to Ask Sunday Laws From Congress

The nation-wide "evangelistic campaign" of the Baptist church was inaugurated yesterday with a view to conducting it here during the coming year by the Columbia Association of Baptist Churches at the closing session of its four-day convention at the National Baptist Memorial church.

A resolution was adopted asking Congress and the President to obtain the adoption of better Sunday observance laws. On a motion of the Rev. W. J. Hubbard the assembly voted to thank Maj. Edwin B. Hesse for notifying dealers in tobacco that the law in respect to selling to minors will be enforced. Last night the Rev. Floyd H. Adams, of Worcester, Mass., spoke.

Luggage For Thanksgiving Trips

Bags and suit cases attractively finished, built to stand the strain of travel, unusually durable—priced most attractively now!



Suit Cases
Excellent quality, genuine cowhide; 24- \$12.50 inch size.

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Large and roomy, straps around; brown or russet; 22-inch \$23.50 size.

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Genuine cowhide bags, leather lined; in black, brown and russet; 17-18-in. size \$17.50

Stationery
Shamrock and Old Essex; double edge; in pound boxes. 39c
Envelopes to Match, 25c Pkg.
Novelty Writing Paper in all new shades fully lined envelopes. Box. 75c

Cavalry Better Since War, Report Reveals

Cavalry units of the army are in an efficient and satisfactory condition, according to the annual report of Maj. Gen. Herbert B. Crosby, chief of cavalry, which states that American cavalry is better than before the world war due to the cavalry school training and other reasons.

The report explodes the old idea that horses should have earth standings and not those of brick and concrete. It now is the almost universal impression that more foot trouble develops from the old earth stall. Cavalry efficiency has been furthered in the past year by replacement of unserviceable animals with excellent remounts, adoption of a new pack saddle, replacement of automatic with machine rifles and training of regular, guard, reserve and training camp units.

CAPPER TO PUT EFFORT ON DISTRICT'S PROGRAM

Congress Must Do Something Definite in Traction Merger, He Declares.

INCLUDES BORLAND LAW

Senator Capper, chairman of the Senate district committee, plans to concentrate his efforts on the legislative program submitted by the District commissioners, he made known on his return here yesterday.

The four measures which the commissioners have given priority are those calling for study of the fiscal relationship between the District and Federal governments, modification of the Borland law, traction merger and the elimination of all grade crossings.

The bill modifying the Borland law has been passed by the House and is now in the Senate. He gave it as his opinion that he doubted seriously that this would be a desirable solution of the local difficulty. But something must be done, and it may be that public ownership may have to be resorted to, he said.

GRANGE FOR LEASING OF MUSCLE SHOALS

Favors Waiving Royalties to Concern Making High-Grade Fertilizer.

Portland, Me., Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—After a two hour debate the National Grange tonight adopted a resolution recommending the leasing of Muscle Shoals to a responsible company making the best offer and complying with conditions designed to benefit agriculture. The contest over the question required the only roll call of the meeting and was decided by a vote of 27 to 21.

It was the decision of the delegates that the best use of agriculture and the nation will be served by the leasing of Muscle Shoals to the responsible company making the best offer and agreeing to manufacture a high-grade fertilizer material, carrying not less than 40 per cent plant food and waiving all royalties and carrying the terms and conditions set up by Congress, and in full compliance with the terms of the national defense act of 1916 and the manufacture of nitrates for fertilizer in time of peace and the production of explosives in time of war.

Economic Meeting For World Is Set

Geneva, Switzerland, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—Convocation of an international economic conference on May 4, 1927, is recommended by the preparatory economic committee in its draft report to the league of nations council.

All important states not members of the league should be invited to the conference, as well as the league members, it recommends.

PERIL TO DAWES PLAN SEEN IN ALIEN PROBLEM

House Proposal to Settle Property Claims Will Wreck It, L. Fraser Says.

WANTS TREASURY TO PAY

(By the Associated Press.)
Warning of the danger of wrecking the Dawes plan by settlement of the alien property problem was sounded yesterday before the House ways and means committee by Len Fraser, one of the administrators of the plan.

The United States, he cautioned, should not be the first nation to "throw stones" at the Dawes plan which has done so much to lead Europe out of an economic wilderness. If this government strikes at the plan as contemplated in proposals recommended to the committee, he said, it would set off a spark that would be picked up by all other allied nations and destroy it.

He agreed that the American claimants should be paid in full and without discrimination, but asserted that the committee above all else should refrain from adopting any basis of adjustment that does not adhere strictly to all international agreements and the Dawes plan in particular.

He suggested the difficulty could be bridged by the United States government paying the claims of American nationals against the German government out of the Treasury and subjugating the government as one claimant against Germany.

Edwin B. Parker, umpire of the German-American mixed claims commission, told the committee that up to Wednesday the commission had awarded for claims totaling \$141,456,000, and there was outstanding approximately \$40,000,000 in additional claims. He said Congress did not have authority to change the awards, as they had been reached under an agreement with Germany.

Watson in Capital; Still Feels Injuries

(By the Associated Press.)
Senator Watson (Republican), Indiana, who became a central figure in the Senate investigation of Ku Klux Klan activity in Hoosier State politics, arrived yesterday from West Baden, Ind., and went immediately to his home.

The veteran senator still showed the effects of injuries received in an automobile accident several weeks ago and leaned heavily upon a stout walking stick as he left the train and went to a waiting automobile at the station.

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White Embroidered and Colored Neat Embroidered Handkerchiefs; all linen. 25c Each.

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Rooms with private bath and shower	3.50—4.00	5.00—6.00

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The second time Kelly went to jail, Moore says he took along the pistols. Kelly laid them on a table.

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Feminine Apparel of Individuality
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A black and white illustration. In the background, a woman wearing a long-sleeved dress and a white apron stands behind a table, holding a slice of bread. A man in a suit is seated at the table, looking up at her. On the table are various items including a small basket and a bottle. In the foreground, there is a large loaf of 'WHITE ROSE BREAD' in its packaging, which has a checkered pattern. Next to it is a decorative bowl with a floral design and a small pie or tart.

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Friday, November 19, 1926.

MEXICO'S ATTACK ON NICARAGUA.

Secretary Kellogg's hint to Mexico, warning it that interference in the affairs of Nicaragua will be looked upon with concern by the United States, ought to be sufficient to deter President Calles and his communist advisers who are stirring up communism in Central and South America. The ramifications of communist activities, however, are greater than is generally suspected by the public, and it is doubtful that the radical elements will pay attention to the soft words emanating from Washington. They do not realize that a big stick can and will, if necessary, reinforce the meaning of what has been said.

The republic of Nicaragua is not now involved in a revolution. It is in reality under attack by Mexico. Mexican army officers and Mexican soldiers, in national uniform and carrying arms taken from the Mexican national arsenal, have been captured and killed in Nicaragua. Mexican national vessels have landed arms and men on both coasts of Nicaragua. Mexicans are now being recruited in the City of Mexico for service against Nicaragua. The Mexican war against Nicaragua is carried on under the guise of a revolution of Nicaraguans calling themselves liberals.

The Chilean cabinet has resigned and another is taking office for the purpose of more effectively combating bolshevism, which has tainted the Chilean military and naval forces. The virtual dictator of Chile, Gen. Ibanez, is acting with energy in meeting the situation. In Ecuador, although the government is extremely "liberal," the communist propaganda of the Mexican Minister became so offensive that he was expelled. In Honduras, Salvador, Costa Rica and notably in Guatemala, Mexican bolshevist propaganda is spreading. The result of these activities, if successful, will be the setting up of bolshevist governments throughout this hemisphere. President Diaz of Nicaragua gives notice that he can not cope with the Mexican aggressors unless aided by the United States. With Nicaragua in the hands of communists the lives and property of foreigners would be in great danger, as they are now in Mexico.

In the circumstances it would appear that the hint from the United States to Mexico should be followed by some tangible evidence that the United States means business. It is better to stop this communist assault upon American republics now than to permit communism to gain a strong foothold and then be compelled to go to war to protect American citizens. The American people should be made aware of the communist conspiracy. The State Department should publish the facts in its possession.

The present arrangement which permits the Mexican government to import arms from the United States may have to be ended. As the situation stands, the United States is in the position of aiding the Mexican communists by permitting them to import all the arms they require. If these arms are to be re-shipped to Nicaragua for the purpose of striking down a republican government the United States should put an end to the procedure.

HOME STUDY.

Acting in harmony with what is said to be the wishes of parents, the board of education refuses to lengthen the school day and abolish "home work." Many parents hold that school hours are already too long. The task of ascertaining the views of parents was assigned to Charles F. Carusi, one of the painstaking members of the board, and it was his report that parents stood about 5 to 1 against a change that would lengthen the school day in its determination.

There has been mild criticism of home study by the children, emanating, possibly, from parents who found it irksome to be pried with questions they could not answer. School officials say the purpose of home work is not to relieve teachers of any of their burdens, but to encourage pupils to work on their own initiative and to gain the benefit that comes from their own independent study. The hours of study in the schools are claimed not to be excessive. The home work requires from 30 minutes in the lower grades to 1 hour in the eighth, and a little more than 2 hours for advanced high school pupils. School board authorities believe that this home work has re-

sulted beneficially to students in all grades. No doubt in many cases home study is a heavy burden upon children who are expected to help their parents in housework or other light labor. The tendency of modern pedagogy is to overload students and to give them too many subjects of study. Superficiality is the result. As a whole, the public school system does not yield the benefits that should be obtained. A general overhauling of the system is bound to come.

THE ETERNAL QUESTION—CLOTHES.

The insistence of women that abbreviated skirts and low-necked gowns for street wear shall not be put into the discard has received the enthusiastic support of distinguished scientists and medical practitioners. Having learned from experience the joys of freedom of movement and escape from the dangers that lurk in garments that drag in the dust, women have resisted the decrees of the arbiters of fashion and continued in their own unfettered, health-promoting way.

Addressing an assemblage of women in London on Wednesday, a noted physiologist advised them to "wear as little as you can." Much of the success of women in athletics has been due to the fact that their bodies have not been encumbered with excess clothing. They have hardened themselves to the rigors of almost any climate. "Pneumonia blouses" don't exist, physicians say. They assert that no girl ever caught pneumonia through wearing a low-necked blouse; that, on the contrary, it develops her strength, puts red corpuscles in her blood, and helps her to resist all forms of disease. The London physiologist told his women hearers he had no objection to thin silk-stockinged or even bare legs, so long as they were bared or stockinged within the limits of "reasonableness." Giving a scientific touch to his talk, he said he approved thin artificial silk leg coverings because they permitted the ultra-violet sun rays to penetrate the skin.

Men are inclined to coddle themselves when it comes to dressing, particularly in the winter season. For the man of average years and average health, summer weight underwear and due regard for heavier outerwear and topcoats would serve him better than thick woolen "undies," especially if he happens to be an indoor worker. The physiologist referred to suggested to the wives and mothers in his audience that their men folks would improve their fitness for work or play if they would but shed their collars and take to open necks. This sounds reasonable, but as a fashion it would hardly become popular among that large class of men whose "Adam's apple" makes them ineligible to claims of personal pulchritude.

STATE TAX REDUCTION.

While the question of reduction of Federal taxes or credits of a portion of Federal taxes for 1927 is under discussion, would it not be worth while to discuss the reduction of State and local taxes?

Between 1919 and 1924 Federal taxes declined 39 per cent. During the same period State taxes increased 87 per cent and local taxes increased 56 per cent. Every American family during that period paid the Federal government some \$92 less, and paid their local governments some \$61 more.

In 1925 only 17 States out of 48 were living within their income; and only two States, Massachusetts and Connecticut, were paying their expenses out of their current income. The Federal government is spending annually now about \$3,000,000,000, while State and local governments are spending some \$7,250,000,000 annually.

Thus this question of taxation and tax reduction affects the States and subdivisions of States more than the Federal government. The debts of the several States and subdivisions total more than the entire national debt. If the people desire more relief from taxes, why not inaugurate a plan of operation that will curb the issue of State and local bonds and curb lavish expenditures by States and subdivisions? The people, the voters of the States, municipalities and counties, can bring real tax relief to themselves if they will.

The expenditures of State and local governments are one-half the total savings of the American people. They are greater than the total value of all the crops raised on six and a half million farms. If the value of all the products of the American farms in 1925 were turned over to the States, municipalities, counties and townships it would not meet the requirements for their expenditures of that year. The net income of all the manufacturing establishments of the United States, if turned over for the purpose, would not meet the combined State and local expenditures. All the money in circulation in the United States would not meet all the requirements of States and municipalities to pay their bills.

Reduction of State, municipal and county debts, expenditures and taxes, is far more important than reduction of Federal internal revenue taxes.

WHAT RAILROADS EXPEND.

The bureau of railway economics announces that class I railways expended approximately \$629,000,000 during the first nine months of this year for improvements in their plants, for expansion of capacity, locomotives and cars. It is estimated that the total expenditure this year will be \$875,000,000, or about \$125,000,000 more than in 1925. This will exceed the annual expenditures for such purposes in any one year except 1923.

Not only have the railways been increasing the carrying capacity of their equipment to meet the heavy demands of traffic, but they have been improving other facilities. Capital expenditures during the past nine months for roadway and structures amounted to more than \$358,000,000. The performance of the railways this year has been unexcelled, due partly to capital expenditures for improvements in the last five years and partly to the better cooperation of shippers.

For various reasons the railways of the country during the decade prior to the outbreak of the war lost much of their efficiency. Public prejudice, bad management and lack of capital brought the railways to a position in 1914 where they were unable to handle the traffic incident to the early years of the war. They broke down in many sections.

When the United States entered the war it became necessary to take over the railways

and to expend large sums of public money to make them efficient for war purposes. This experiment was expensive, and the transportation systems were even in worse condition when the government turned them back to their private owners. During the last six years the railroads and the government have been adjusting accounts, and gradually making the railways more efficient public servants.

The year 1925 was the first to see the transportation system of the country anything like what it should be. This year, through large expenditures made possible by better credit, the railways have reached a point of efficiency unequalled in the transportation history of the country.

MERRY CHRISTMAS COMING.

It ought to be a very merry Christmas, at least if cash on hand has anything to do with the gaiety of the festival. According to a recent estimate the tills of America's banks hold about \$50,000,000,000. On the thirtieth of last June, the latest date for which actual figures are available, savings deposits alone totaled over \$24,000,000,000, and this has been increased another billion dollars since that date through additional Christmas savings accounts. On June 30 the figure was more than \$3,000,000,000 greater than it was on the corresponding day last year, and so far this year the public had drawn down about 800 millions in interest on savings accounts, which is another new record.

In Washington over 72,000 persons have been carrying Christmas savings accounts in the 26 local banks offering the service. Once a week since the first of last January they have each marched up to the cashier's window and deposited a sum of money ranging from \$1 upward. Between the first and the tenth of December they will reap their reward, for between those dates the banks will mail out to the public checks totaling in the aggregate over \$5,500,000.

This should be good news to both Santa Claus and the general public as well; to Santa Claus because for the past few months he has been laying in expensive and varied stocks of goods upon which he does not want to take a loss; to the public because every one in the District of Columbia, man, woman and child, is assured, if the law of averages holds good, of Christmas presents to a value of not less than \$11.08.

BUS TERMINALS.

Although at first glance the interstate bus companies operating into Washington possibly may feel that legislation forcing them to provide and maintain terminal facilities would constitute an unjust hardship, it seems certain that the benefits to be derived from such ticket offices and waiting rooms would more than repay their initial cost. Maj. W. E. R. Covell, assistant to the engineer commissioner, will suggest such legislation to the public utilities commission within a few days.

The proposed regulation, which could be made to apply only to companies operating carriers in interstate business, will provide that all bus lines entering the congested part of the city as defined in the traffic rules must have a terminal on privately owned ground with waiting and rest rooms, places for posting of schedules, ticket offices if tickets are used, and facilities elsewhere than on public space for loading and unloading passengers.

For many months the problem of handling large and unwieldy buses drawn up to the curb to load or unload passengers has agitated both the police and traffic departments. Such parking, even though comparatively brief, hinders traffic considerably, and the necessity of reserving a sufficient area at all times to enable the bus to get to the curb has complicated the parking problem. Obviously it is to the interest of the municipal authorities and the public to remove bus terminals from the public highways.

The companies engaged in such operations also must realize the loss of business occasioned through the inability of the occasional traveler to ascertain definitely where the line offering service to his destination makes its terminal, and at what definite time he may expect a bus to leave. The proposed regulation would clear up both difficulties. Although it makes no reference to a union bus station, it is probable that individual companies would find it to their interest to consolidate their terminals.

HOPE FOR CHEAP MOTOR FUEL.

Prof. Franz Fischer, who occupies an important scientific position in some German institution, thinks that he has discovered a substitute for gasoline which can be produced from coal. Also, peat and shale will yield a like much-to-be-desired substance. The professor read a treatise on his discovery to the international conference on bituminous coal in Pittsburgh on Wednesday.

Scarcely a month passes without the announcement of the discovery of that elusive substitute for motor fuel, like the jack-o'-lantern and the ignis fatuus, is always just a few feet ahead. Just before he died George Baldwin Selden, the patentee of the process for applying the internal combustion engine to the horseless carriage, announced the discovery of a means of making cheap fuel. Mr. Selden's product was to have been put on the market at a price around 5 cents a gallon, but he never got anywhere with it, and it is too late now.

A few years ago much was heard of the discovery of a means for manufacturing liquid fuel from shale deposits, of which there are hundreds of millions of tons in Wyoming alone, and a few billions more in Kentucky, New York and other States. While a party of scientific investigators succeeded in producing petroleum from the Kentucky shale at the rate of 75 gallons to the ton, there has not yet appeared on the market a single gallon of this shale oil.

There will doubtless come a time when coal, shale, peat, lignite and many other semimetal products will be used as the basis of cheap motor fuels, but like all his predecessors in this line of research Prof. Fischer has not yet demonstrated the commercial feasibility of his plan.

The late "Tama Jim" Wilson, Secretary of Agriculture, was certain that he could distill alcohol from watermelons. He demonstrated the correctness of his theory. He distilled alcohol from watermelons—at a cost of something over \$250 per gallon. Secretary Jardine still has the still over in his department, but he never uses it in manufacturing alcohol—from watermelons.



The Last Note!

PRESS COMMENT.

Stepping on Its Toes.
New York Sun: Asia has started a world league of its own. The Geneva association may sue for infringement of copyright.

Not So Easy.
Detroit Free Press: Al Smith's feat of carrying New York State is one thing; carrying the rest of the country is 47 other things.

And Gosh! How They Love It!
Des Moines Register: The government departments at Washington are getting their annual instruction on how to cut down expenses.

The Supreme Test.
Detroit News: The supreme memory test would be an attempt to recall off-hand what the various old bottles in the medicine closet contain.

Stabilization.
Memphis Commercial-Appeal: There are indications that affairs in Europe are becoming stabilized. France has had the same cabinet for several weeks.

The Universal Crop.
Arkansas Gazette: Scientists are seeking a form of vegetation that will grow and flourish in arid lands without water. What's the matter with the hardy perennial, the wild oat?

That Is News.
Greensboro News: Harry Willis was beaten and the experts were beaten again, and worse, and as we view the progress of events they now have reached the point where, if a boxing expert picks the winner, that is news.

Philosophy of a Fox.
Philadelphia Inquirer: Mr. Upshaw, who lost his fight for renomination for representative from the Fifth Georgia district, says his defeat will help his work for prohibition. Perhaps it will, but he makes a noise that sounds like the philosophy of the fox.

The Air Ensign.
Brooklyn Citizen: The growing importance of the air service is well illustrated by the announcement from London that British air liners are to fly an ensign which will be specially designed as the flag of Britain's air fleet. Experiments are being carried out on imperial line planes with flags of various material. When the most suitable material to withstand the wind forces is found the air flag will be designed and fitted to all British air liners.

Rupertizing History.
Ohio State Journal: History repeats itself, and we suppose 180 years from now some Rupert Hughes of that day will announce to a shocked and indignant country that it's all a mistake and the real Calvin Coolidge spent money like a drunken sailor, drank a quart of corn liquor every day of his life before breakfast, and O boy, how he did run after the women!

In Pagan Ohio.
Baltimore Sun: Pagan influences are at work in rural Ohio, where the father and brother of the girl who won in a church beauty contest at Pomeroy have been shot by the father of the runner-up. It was a beauty contest with an

Defining a Patriot

By ROBERT QUILLEN.

TWO nations covet a district where oil is plentiful and the people undeveloped. Diplomats kill time while preparation is made for the inevitable war.

When the war is declared, young men kill one another in the name of patriotism and are praised for their valor. The nations seize or destroy one another's property.

When the dead are buried and ownership of the oil fields is determined, many pages are written in history to tell the story of that glorious conflict.

Now suppose another case. Six Smith boys and six Jones boys live on opposite sides of a stream in which all set their traps for fish.

One year the fish are few, and when the Jones boys find their traps almost empty they say to one another: "We would have enough except for the traps set here by the Smiths."

The Smiths talk to one another in much the same way, and the two families begin to hate one another. In a week they are openly at war. They destroy one another's traps; they set fire to one another's barns; they lie in wait and shoot one another; they steal one another's cattle, and the story of their outlaws arouses the indignation of the State.

Well, what's the matter? Haven't they been loyal to their own kind? Haven't they fought bravely to hurt the enemy and get something for themselves? Haven't they, in fact, done all that heroes can do in war? They have; and yet they are called thugs and roughnecks and outlaws, and those that survive are sent to jail.

Outlawry is inspired by personal selfishness. Patriotism consists in ministering to the selfishness of a whole people. Here, then, is a reason why war survives. The patriot thinks of all, instead of self, and his unselfishness makes war respectable. Those who profit by his valor pay him with praise. If he did precisely the same things for his personal profit, they would hang him.

(Copyright, 1925.)

apples as a prize that gave Prince Paris his start and led to the Trojan war—and Pomeroy means "King apple." The lass who lost in Pomeroy is named Eva, in memory of another woman old Satan got into trouble over an apple. And the winner bears the name of Opel, of ominous significance. The sinister elements are clear to students of the occult. But who would have thought it of Ohio?

Prohibition in Norway.
Philadelphia Public Ledger: Norway has turned its back upon prohibition in a decisive manner. Although the system is not in the same class with that in America as regards severity—only liquors with an alcoholic content of more than 21 per cent being totally prohibited—a referendum was held last year on the question of prohibition. The result was a landslide victory for the wets. Prohibition came to Norway at the beginning of the world war and was made permanent when, in 1919, a referendum was held in which 490,017 persons voted for it and 304,673 against. At that time the alcoholic content of liquors was limited to 14 per cent, but it was increased to 21 per cent in 1923. The difficulties of enforcement and of preventing smuggling, apparently, created a situation which, in the opinion of a large majority of voters, should be solved by a repeal of the law.

Plumb Ridiculous.
Philadelphia Ledger: The Japanese government has purchased in England a fleet of the latest type of torpedo airplanes. This boosts British trade. If Japan couldn't buy them she'd probably build them. And all is right as right can be. But, just the same, eliminating any specific case, the general implication of the practice of

buying and selling firearms internationally is, in a manner of speaking, plumb ridiculous.

VALUE OF AN INSTITUTION.
The survey, disclosing that students at the University of Louisville spend in the city \$1,300,000 a year besides tuition, affords an insight into the commercial worth of an educational institution to a community, comments the Louisville Courier-Journal. Its cultural value, of course, is inestimable and yields the city an economic benefit in the increasingly higher quality of intellectual capacity that will be devoted to its future affairs. But it pays its way as well. A great many of the students live in Louisville, but some of them would be spending this money elsewhere if Louisville did not have a university of its own, and the College of Arts and Science is beginning to draw students from outside. The professional departments bring many to the city.

"THE ROAD TO YESTERDAY."
By TELLA SMITH MILLER.
Down the road that leads to Yesterday we started.
Heard it calling, like the voice of whip-poor-wills,
Heard the echoes of sweet memories departed.
Through the twilight, as the moon rose o'er the hills.
Though the road that leads to Yesterday keeps calling.
How we love it—it recalls so many things—
Yet each moment, filled with happiness entrancing,
Dreamlike, vanishes, like fluttering of wings!

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Motor Drivers' Permits.
To the Editor of The Post—Sir: I have just concluded reading in this morning's Washington Post the appeal of the commissioners urging automobile drivers to obtain their renewal permits, as required by a recent act of Congress.

I have discussed this matter of applying for renewals with many drivers and find the consensus of opinion to be that if the traffic director would reconsider the dating of the permits, he probably would find a way of "speeding up" the filing of applications.

The drivers contend that the act does not require that they have the renewals before June 30, 1927. Many who have applied and have had their permits issued think it unfortunate that they have done so, for they find the life of the new permit shortened by making early applications; that is, the permits are dated as of date of issue. Consequently, a driver who has obtained his renewal as of November 1, 1926, would be required to have it renewed again November 1, 1929, whereas, those who hold back until the last of June, 1927, would not be required to get renewals until June, 1930, getting thereby the benefit of the eight months—November to June—which is lost by the November, 1926, permit. It is suggested that if the traffic director desires the cooperation of drivers in his campaign for early application for permits, he issue a statement that all renewals issued and those to be issued prior to June 30, 1927, will be as of June 30, 1927.

Drivers believe they can use the renewal fees more advantageously than by purchasing a loss of seven or eight months on their renewal three years hence.

Washington, Nov. 17.

Queen Marie.
To the Editor of The Post—Sir: I wonder sometimes, in reading the press reports, if America has forgotten the "Marie of Roumania." It knew just after the war, back in 1918.

Practically every other day since the queen's arrival some silly, immature mind has expressed in one way or another the opinion that America is doing an unwise thing in "bowing before royalty, a crowned head of Europe."

There are two reasons why the average American welcomes Queen Marie, and her royal title enters into neither of them. First, because Queen Marie is the representative of a courageous, industrious, friendly Balkan country. Second, because Queen Marie has proved that she is deserving of the title of "queen" aside from hereditary claims. Has America forgotten the queen who voluntarily threw open her palace for a hospital, who threw aside royal conventions and worked with the other Roumanian women as a nurse, who refused to allow her ministers to sign a treaty of surrender? A woman of such strength and courage deserves the most sincere and hearty welcome America is capable of giving. Marie has earned the acclaim of her people and the applause of the multitudes not by her title, but by her deeds.

The tyrannical monarch is no more, unless possibly one exists in far off Afghanistan. Marie has no mere power to "oppress" her people, were she minded to do so, than has President Coolidge.

R. E. M.

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With high or low Spanish heels in patent leather, black satin, or dull black leather.

11.00

Exquisite imported buckles of cut steel, rhinestones or jet.

3.50 to 50.00

Exclusive Agents for
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Also the following members of the commission: Senor Augustin Gonzalez, Senor Fernando Diez Barroso, Senor Hermenegildo Diaz, Senor Louis Sanchez Ponton, Senor Alfonso Alatorre, Senor Juan B. Salcedo, Senor Marco Benavides and Senor Abel Espinoso. Dr. Antonio Castro Leal, counselor of the embassy; and Senor Jose M. B. Jarano, secretary of the Mexican Chamber of Commerce of the United States.

Senor Louis Montes de Oca, controller general of Mexico, was unable to attend, due to his absence in New York.

Mrs. James Hughes, sister of the bride, Mrs. Isaac C. Gifford and Wilmer Kohler, of New York; Mr. Alfred C. Bruce, of Washington, and Miss Katherine Street and Miss Peg C. Ewing, of Baltimore, were the bridesmaids. Their gowns were alike, an autumn shade of yellow chiffon made simply, with cascades of chiffon falling from the left shoulder to the

Wedding of Miss McLean.

Stagion for Miss Wagner

Mr. Arthur Lewis Evans is expected to return to the city for his brother. Mr. and Mrs. Evans will be at home for a few weeks at 3701 Massachusetts avenue after their return from their wedding trip and later they expect to go south for the winter.

Mrs. Geneva Dunham, 1222 Sixteenth street, entertained in honor of her guest, Mrs. Robert Phillips, of Kentucky, in the presidential suite of the Willard at luncheon yesterday. The guests were Mrs. John D. Sherman, Mrs. Charles Seya, Mrs. Everett Sanders, wife of the secretary to the President; Mrs. C. Crittendon Calhoun, M.

The irrepresible genius of the French—Reboux, to be exact—originated this chic shawl-wrap which you may easily copy for yourself—or the very loveliest of Christmas gifts—for almost anything you choose—depending, of course, on the price of the fabrics you select for its making.

materials required for this shawl:

- One yard of brocade for the center
- One-half yard brocade for the corners
- Two yards georgette for banding

—that is, if you choose a 36-inch fabric for the center—and a 40-inch fabric for the banding. So very simple, yet so very effective.

Worn in the smart way illustrated—it becomes the most distinctive of wraps.

And, one need not be limited to brocade and georgette—equally lovely shawls may be evolved from lustrous chiffon velvets of exquisite hue—banded in fluttering, as well as flattering, ostrich of the same shade.

Brocades, \$7.50 to \$20 yard
Chiffons, \$1.75 to \$2.50
Georgettes, \$1.75 to \$3
Chiffon Velvets, \$7.50 to \$14
Ostrich Fringes, \$1.75 to \$8.50

Fabric Sections,
Second floor.

Trimming Section,
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Connecticut Ave. at N.
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of russet velvet, and they carried bouquets of yellow chrysanthemums, sheathed in blue paper. The bride wore a Carrington Brent, sister of the bridegroom, was flower girl. She wore frock of yellow organdy, embroidered with wool in flowered russet, edged with and she carried a yellow basket filled with russet chrysanthemums.

Mr. Carrington Brent was the best man for his brother, and the usher was Mr. Lawrence Lowe, of Princeton, N. J. The bridesmaids were Miss Long Island; Mr. John Stuebs, of New York; Mr. Har-Elton Shields, of Burlington, Vt.; Mr. William Herndon, of Cincinnati, and Mr. George C. Jack Ewing, Mr. Charles W. Williams, Mr. Alexander Porter and Mr. John H. Carrington, Jr.

At the reception, which followed ceremony, at the home of the Chief Justice and Mrs. Taft, there were about 100 guests. The house was decorated with autumn leaves, ferns and palms. Mrs. and her daughter, the bride, wore a gown of fine black lace, simply and a hat of dark lace. The bridesmaids wore a gown of black velvet, and the bridegroom, a gown of orchid, with a hat to match. The bridesmaids wore a gown of russet velvet, and on her black hat was a velvet of the same shade of blue. At the reception Mr. and Mrs. Brent parted for a moment, and the bridegroom, the latter wearing a traveling dress of black, with a black fur coat and an astrakhan hat, went to the door. They will live for the winter in the Carlo, Canada.

At the out-of-town party for the wedding were Mrs. Joseph Brent, of New Orleans, grandmother of the bridegroom; Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Carrington, of New Orleans; Mr. Thomas Sloo, Jr., of New Orleans; Dr. and Mrs. Thomas R. Brown, of New Orleans; and Mrs. James C. Brown, Miss

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equally quality as the
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Made by our own candy
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Dinner for Mr. Mellon.

The Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Mellon, was the ranking guest at dinner Wednesday evening of Dr. and Mrs. Stanley Rinehart. The guests were Senator and Mrs. Peter Goelitz, General Mrs. Henry F. Dimock, Mr. and Mrs. Butler Wright, Mr. and Mrs. Frances Noyes, Col. and Mrs. Arthur O'Brien, Mrs. J. Borden Hartman and Mr. George H. Doran, of New York.

The wedding of Miss Margaret E. Neale, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Thonon A. Neale, of Orlando, Fla., to Lieut. Thomas G. Ashburn, Jr., son of Dr. and Mrs. Thomas G. Ashburn, of Jacksonville, took place yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock in the church in the presence of a few friends and relatives, and was followed by reception at the home of Gen. and Mrs. Ashburn, where Mr. and Mrs. Neale were entertained. The Rev. John Johnson, rector of the church, performed the ceremony, the bride was given in marriage by her father. She wore a gown of white satin, embroidered with seed pearls and her hair was styled in a high, tight net of lace. She carried a bouquet of roses and lilies of the valley.

Miss Virginia Hodgson, of Norfolk, great-niece of Frances Hodgson Burnett, was maid of honor. She wore a dress of green chiffon trimmed with ostrich and carried a bouquet of roses. Miss Carol Lothrop, of Richmond, Va., was flower girl and wore a white frock with a pink sash and carried a bouquet of pink roses.

Lieut. Carl Wilson, of Camp Meade, was best man, and Lieut. John A. Deprey and Lieut. Purman, both of Fort Hoyle, where Lieut. Ashburner was stationed.

Mrs. Frank H. Lawton, of New York, and Mr. E. J. Bliss, of Boston, under the bridegroom, were among the

Bridesmaids Gowned Alike.

Miss Elizabeth Ferry Coonley, daughter of Mrs. Avery Coonley, was married yesterday afternoon to Mr. Wald Faulkner, of New York. The ceremony was performed at Rosedale, the home of the bride's mother, by the Rev.

Extra Squier Tipple, of Madison, N. H.
The bride was given in marriage
her mother and wore a period gown
ivory satin with touches of rose p

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A Raw, Sore Throat

eases quickly when you apply a little Musterole. It penetrates to the sore spot with a gentle tingle, loosens the congestion and draws out the soreness and pain and won't blister like the old-fashioned mustard plaster.

Musterole is a clean, white ointment made with oil of mustard. Brings quick relief from sore throat, bronchitis, tonsillitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frosted feet, colds on the chest.

To Mothers: Musterole is also made in liquid form for babies and small children. Ask for Children's Musterole.

**No More Gray Hair**

Don't think your hair need remain streaked with gray—or even gray. For more than ten years, gray haired men and women, whose hair at one time was brunette, blonde, red, auburn, brown or black, have used Kolor-Bak with entire satisfaction, and are no longer gray.

Kolor-Bak is a clean, colorless liquid that has restored youthful appearance to hundreds of thousands. As easy to apply as water, it requires no experimenting with samples of your hair.

Just ask your dealer for Kolor-Bak. The one bottle is for all hair, no matter what shade or color. Results often appear in a week. And with the disappearance of the gray hair, the tonic properties of Kolor-Bak make it splendid to use for dandruff and falling hair. Its tremendous success is clearly shown by the sale of nearly 8,000,000 bottles, which proves its superiority.

Dealers everywhere sell Kolor-Bak with guarantee to return your money if it does not bring desired results. No excuse now for any woman to look old, or any man to be considered too old for employment. Your druggist, or any store where toilet goods are sold, carries Kolor-Bak. Ask for it today.

Kolor-Bak
Banishes Gray Hair
Special Sale \$1.19
For 6 Days, only
Regular Price \$1.50
Peoples Drug Stores
"All Over Town"
Service Drug Store
ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA

SOCIETY

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 7.)

E. S. Church, Miss Alice Harriman, Mrs. Dallett Wilson, Mrs. McKenzie Moss, Mrs. F. A. D. Hancock, Mrs. Bertha Leake, of Boston; Mrs. Frederick S. Purnell, Mrs. Leonard Imboden, Mrs. George Mitchell, Mrs. Maud Watson, Ewell, of Tennessee; Mrs. William Francis Zumburn, Mrs. Elizabeth Mills, Mrs. Vason-Phinley, of Macon, Ga., and Mrs. Macpherson Crichton.

Mrs. Robert Phillips will depart for Kentucky tonight, but will return to Washington again during the season.

Mrs. Charles H. Chappell, of Chicago, a guest at the Mayflower, entertained at luncheon yesterday in the Presidential dining room, having as her guests Mrs. Samuel Williams Earle, recording secretary general of the Daughters of the American Revolution; Mrs. Richard Yates, wife of Representative Yates, of Illinois; Mrs. W. P. MacCracken, Jr., wife of the Assistant Secretary of Commerce; Mrs. N. M. Lewis, Mrs. Willoughby S. Chesley, Mrs. Benjamin Tolson, Mrs. E. A. Shepherd and Miss Anna Miller.

Maj. Gen. George W. Read, retired, and Mrs. Read, have closed their country place "Dunrovin," Lyndfield Farms, near Rose Tree, Philadelphia, and have taken an apartment at the Marlborough, for a few weeks before sailing for Europe for the winter.

Pumphrey—Chiswell Wedding.

In the presence of an assemblage that filled St. Peter's Episcopal church, at Poolesville, Md., Miss Edna North Chiswell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward L. Chiswell, of Dickerson, and Mr. Warner E. Pumphrey, of Rockville, were married at 6 o'clock last evening by Rev. Millard F. Minnick, rector of Christ Episcopal church, Rockville. The church decorations consisted of ferns, chrysanthemums and autumn leaves.

Mrs. Maurice H. Chiswell, of Dickerson, played the wedding march. The bride entered the church with her father, by whom she was given in marriage. She wore a gown of broad crepe, trimmed with satin and made on straight lines, and her tulle veil was held by a wreath of pearls and orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of white roses and lilies of the valley.

The maid of honor was the bride's sister, Miss Elsie Lee Chiswell, whose gown was of ashes of rose georgette, over pink crepe. She carried russet chrysanthemums. The bridesmaids, Miss Betty Jones and Miss Mildred Chiswell, of Dickerson, cousins of the bride, wore dresses of American beauty georgette, over ashes of rose crepe, and they carried bouquets of flesh-colored chrysanthemums. The flower girl was the bride's little cousin, Miss Dorothy Ann Jones, of Dickerson, who wore flesh-colored georgette, over pink crepe, and carried a basket of pink roses.

Mr. William R. Pumphrey, Jr., of Rockville, was his brother's best man, and the ushers were Mr. Maurice H. Chiswell, of Dickerson, cousin of the bride; Mr. J. Madison Cutts, of Washington, brother-in-law of the bridegroom; Mr. Guy Hicks, of Rockville, nephew of the bridegroom, and Mr. Raleigh S. Chinn, of Rockville.

Immediately following the ceremony, a reception for members of the immediate families was held at the home of the bride's parents, which was decorated with pink roses and chrysanthemums. Mrs. Chiswell, mother of the bride, was gowned in silver gray georgette, with touches of orchid.

The bride's going-away costume was blue chiffon velvet, combined with gray crepe blue, with hat to match and gray coat and gloves. Upon their return from their wedding trip, Mr. and Mrs. Pumphrey will be at home in Rockville. Mr. Pumphrey is a son of Mr. William R. Pumphrey, sr., of Rockville.

Mrs. Thayer in Capital.

Mrs. Woodberry Thayer, of Paris, is now at the Mayflower.

Dr. and Mrs. Macpherson Crichton were hosts at dinner Wednesday night at the Chevy Chase club in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Donald G. Stuart, of Havana, Cuba, who are at the Mayflower hotel for a few days.

The members of the George Washington hospital board will entertain at tea this afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock

at the Nurses' home at 1018 Thirteenth street. Mrs. Frederick True and Mrs. William Pine Borden will receive with the other ladies of the board.

Will Receive at Ball.

Heading the receiving line for the ball to be given on Thanksgiving eve for the benefit of the free wards of the Episcopal Eye, Ear and Throat hospital will be Mrs. Louis Mackall, president board of lady managers; Mrs. Morris Hacker, Mrs. David A. Greenless and Commander C. T. Jewell.

The young ladies' floor committee, with Miss Cecil Lester Jones as chairman, will be Miss Louise Randolph, Miss Helen Strauss, Miss Sally McAdoo, Miss Elizabeth Johnson, Miss Elizabeth Stiles, Miss Marion Darrach, Miss Jean Darrach, Miss Norval Munford, Miss May Gaylor, Miss Mary Earle Hoxton, Miss Margaret Mackall and Miss Charlotte Watson Clark.

Miss A. M. Goding will preside at the luncheon given at the Women's City club tomorrow at 1 o'clock. Mr. William I. Corbin will be the guest of honor. Among those making reservations are Mrs. J. Garfield Riley, Judge Mary

O'Toole, Dr. A. Frances Foye, Miss Mary E. McKinney, Miss Amy C. Leavitt, Miss May E. Smith, Mrs. N. W. Brenninger, Mrs. Sylvia Wentworth, Mrs. Redwood Vandergrift, Miss Anna Cummings, Miss Grace Cummings, Miss Fay Bentley, Mrs. E. J. Peoples, Miss Martha Lane, Miss Marjorie Daniels, Mrs. Wyndom Bradbury, Mrs. Virgil C. Miller, Mrs. Gratton Kerans and Mrs. Charles Wilcox.

Tea for Hospital.

The Sisters of St. Francis, of Georgetown University hospital, assisted by the officers and members of the ladies

board, will give their annual Thanksgiving tea and donation party Tuesday afternoon in the library of the hospital, and the president of the ladies' board, Mrs. Harry V. Haynes, will assist the sisters in receiving the guests.

The tea tables will be in charge of Mrs. Milton E. Allen, who will be assisted by Mrs. George E. Hamilton, Mrs. S. Alice W. Gleason, Mrs. Howard P. Birnie and Mrs. John I. Haas, and also by a group of young matrons and misses, including Mrs. C. H. Young, Mrs. Pere Wilmer and the Misses Elsie Haas and Rose and Frances Saul. Mrs. Andrew McIntyre, Mrs. Isaac Gans, Mrs. John A. O'Donohue

and Miss Mary Keliher will serve punch; Mrs. Frank E. Duehring, Mrs. George Tully Vaughan, Mrs. Henry Gower and Mrs. James Gannon will have charge of the cake table, and Mrs. Michael J. Ready and Mrs. Frank Ready will be in charge of the candy table.

Mrs. Henry Gower and Mrs. Nellie E. Pealy constitute the press committee, and Mrs. Sarah Pepper, in charge of program, has arranged for a musical treat by several of Washington's leading artists, including Miss Hazel Arth, soprano; Mr. William Cross, bass, and Miss Mary Louise Sullivan, pianist.

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1/2 PRICE**Bedroom Furniture**

Regular Price	Half Price
One Eight-piece Mahogany and Gum Bedroom Suite, with twin beds.....	\$875.00 \$437.50
One Eight-piece Walnut and Gum Decorated Bedroom Suite, with twin beds.....	\$765.00 \$382.50
One Seven-piece Chinese Decorated Bedroom Suite, with full size bed.....	\$680.00 \$340.00
One Seven-piece Mahogany and Gum Bedroom Suite, with full-size bed.....	\$630.00 \$315.00
One Seven-piece Decorated Bedroom Suite, with full-size bed.....	\$615.00 \$307.50
One Four-piece Walnut and Gum Suite, consisting of dresser, chiffonier and twin beds.....	\$460.00 \$230.00
One Walnut and Gum Dresser.....	\$185.00 \$92.50
One Walnut and Gum Chiffonier to match.....	\$124.00 \$62.00
One Ivory Decorated Chiffonier.....	\$180.00 \$90.00
One Parchment Dresser.....	\$107.00 \$53.50
One Gray Enamel Dresser.....	\$105.00 \$52.50
One Mahogany and Gum Dresser.....	\$95.00 \$47.50
One Mahogany and Gum Chest to match.....	\$90.00 \$45.00
One Mahogany and Gum Dresser.....	\$84.00 \$42.00
One Walnut and Gum Bed.....	\$42.00 \$21.00
One Walnut and Gum Bed.....	\$32.00 \$16.00
One Mahogany-finish All-steel Rocker.....	\$16.50 \$8.25
One Mahogany-finish All-steel Chair.....	\$16.00 \$8.00
Mahogany-finish All-steel Chairs.....	\$9.80 \$4.90
One Walnut and Gum Bed.....	\$58.00 \$29.00
One Walnut and Gum Bed.....	\$56.00 \$28.00
One Walnut and Gum Bed.....	\$105.00 \$52.50
Two Box Couches.....	\$56.00 \$28.00
Four-foot Six All-cotton Mattresses.....	\$13.50 \$6.75
Four-foot All-Cotton Mattresses.....	\$13.00 \$6.50
Three-foot Six All-cotton Mattresses.....	\$12.50 \$6.25
Three-foot Three All-cotton Mattresses.....	\$12.50 \$6.25
Four-foot Six All-hair Mattresses.....	\$65.00 \$32.50
Four-foot Four All-hair Mattresses.....	\$61.00 \$30.50
Three Bolster Rolls.....	\$3.00 \$1.50

Dining Room Furniture

Regular Price	Half Price
Two Mahogany and Gum Extension Tables.....	\$97.00 \$48.50
One Walnut and Gum Serving Table.....	\$64.00 \$32.00
One Walnut and Gum Serving Table.....	\$60.00 \$30.00
One Walnut and Gum Serving Table.....	\$46.00 \$23.00
One Walnut and Gum Serving Table.....	\$36.00 \$18.00
One Walnut and Gum China Case.....	\$60.00 \$30.00
Walnut and Gum Side Chairs.....	\$21.50 \$10.75
Walnut and Gum Arm Chair.....	\$29.50 \$14.75
Walnut and Gum Side Chair.....	\$18.50 \$9.25
Walnut and Gum Side Chair.....	\$17.50 \$8.75
Walnut and Gum Arm Chair.....	\$34.50 \$17.25
Mahogany and Gum Arm Chair.....	\$17.50 \$8.75
Mahogany and Gum Side Chair.....	\$30.50 \$15.25
Mahogany-finish Side Chairs.....	\$9.50 \$4.75
Mahogany and Gum Side Chairs.....	\$13.00 \$6.50
Golden Oak Side Chairs.....	\$11.50 \$5.75
Golden Oak Arm Chair.....	\$17.50 \$8.75
Six-piece Decorated Breakfast Suite.....	\$100.00 \$50.00
Five-piece Decorated Breakfast Suite.....	\$75.00 \$37.50
Five-piece Decorated Breakfast Suite.....	\$58.00 \$29.00
One Decorated Breakfast Extension Table.....	\$95.00 \$47.50

Occasional Pieces

Regular Price	Half Price
One Mahogany and Gum Secretary.....	\$125.00 \$62.50
One Mahogany and Gum Secretary.....	\$115.00 \$57.50
One Walnut and Gum Desk.....	\$78.00 \$39.00
One Walnut and Gum Desk.....	\$65.00 \$32.50
One Walnut and Gum Desk.....	\$82.00 \$41.00
One Mahogany and Gum Desk.....	\$75.00 \$37.50
One Mahogany and Gum Desk.....	\$65.00 \$32.50
One Mahogany and Gum Desk.....	\$60.00 \$30.00
Two Mahogany and Gum Tables.....	\$72.00 \$36.00
Two Mahogany and Gum Tables.....	\$66.00 \$33.00
One Mahogany and Gum Table.....	\$27.00 \$13.50
One Ivory Enamel Table.....	\$15.00 \$7.50
One Mahogany and Gum Music Cabinet.....	\$50.00 \$25.00
One Mahogany and Gum Music Cabinet.....	\$16.00 \$8.00
One Mahogany and Gum Bookcase.....	\$88.00 \$44.00
Solid Mahogany Chest, cedar lined.....	\$90.00 \$45.00
Mahogany-finish Card Table.....	\$25.00 \$12.50
One Lot of Card Tables.....	\$12.00 \$6.00

Domestic Floor Coverings**Seamless Axminster Rugs**

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9x12 \$41.50	9x12 \$55.00
8.3x10.6 \$37.00	8.3x10.6 \$51.50
6x9 \$22.75	6x9 \$30.00
4.6x7.6 \$14.50	4.6x7.6 \$18.50
36x63 \$5.75	36x63 \$8.00
27x54 \$3.50	27x54 \$5.00

Wool Wilton Rugs

9x12 \$77.50	6x9 \$50.00
8.3x10.6 \$75.00	36x63 \$12.75
27x54 \$8.50	

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(Prices Based on 27-in. Width Unless Otherwise Specified)

Plain Carpets	Figured Carpets
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Seamless High Pile Carpets

9 Ft. and 12 Ft. Wide

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9 Ft. and 12 Ft. Wide	9 Ft. and 12 Ft. Wide
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Grade No. 3	
9 Ft. Wide Only	
\$13.75 Sq. Yd.	

Oriental Rug Salon**Chinese Rugs**

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Persian Rugs

9x12 Size	Scatter Sizes
\$180.00 Up	\$27.00 Up

A Special Group of Oriental Rugs—Hand-Woven to Our Order

9x12	7x10	6x9
\$100.00	\$75.00	\$55.00

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Cases, sizes 45x36 inches. Special, 39c each.

Regular 50c extra heavy large size white bath towels. Reduced to 39c each.

All-linen colored-bordered Luncheon Sets (cloth and one-half dozen napkins to match). Reduced to \$1.85 set.

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Magazine Page of Fashions and Features

SECOND LOVE

By MALCOLM DUART.

(Copyright, 1926, Eugene MacLean.)

SYNOPSIS OF PRECEDING CHAPTERS.
Marcie Allen, young, lively and lovely, has been making violent love to Harry Morton, handsome widower, and to his son-in-law, John Parrish. Parrish has separated from his rich, young wife, Audrey, because of her lack of interest in him. She is now a social success, and has been making violent love to Harry Morton. She is now a social success, and has been making violent love to Harry Morton.

NOW GO ON WITH THE STORY.
(Names and situations in this story are fictitious.)

CHAPTER XII.

NONA inspected the ring a long time before she spoke. "I congratulate you, dear," she said, at last, and turned back to her room.

Marcie waited until the door closed, and then danced to her room. She placed the ring on the porcelain shelf, where she could see it while she took her bath. There were many prosperous people among her acquaintances, but none save Nona and Audrey had any such jewel as this. When she went to bed she was wearing the ring.

Next morning, however, she appeared at breakfast without it. Nona had not come down, but Morton glanced at her, nodding with approval when he saw her fingers bare of ornament. Audrey, ignorant of the midnight donation, talked cheerfully of housekeeping and kindred matters.

As they left the breakfast room Marcie gave Morton's hand a little proprietary squeeze in passing. "Old sweetheart!" she whispered.

He grinned and nodded a playful goodbye to her as he started down town. Audrey kissed him, and stood watching as he went to the automobile that waited at the curb. "Audrey, I've got him!" Marcie jubilated.

Her friend smiled. "Really?" she asked. "Has he proposed?"

"Not exactly proposed." They were standing side by side in the doorway. "But something happened." She looked behind her to make sure there were no eavesdroppers. "He brought back a ring from London—I'm sure he intended to give it to Nona when she arrived. But Audrey!" She patted her hands. "He met me and he gave me the ring last night!"

Audrey's expression was one of lively curiosity. "Let me see it," she begged.

Marcie took her arm, and drew her upstairs. She unlocked the door, and Marcie shut the door, and locked it.

"Nobody must know—no Nona nor anybody," she warned, opening a dresser drawer.

"Nona would be broken-hearted," Audrey said.

"I should worry about Nona," Marcie announced. "She got a car pin from him last year—but this is this year."

She held out the ring for Audrey's inspection, and she said, "It's lovely," said her hostess. "He always buys the nicest things, doesn't he?"

She tried to put the ring on her finger, but it was too small.

"It exactly fits me," Marcie said, proving her statement. She slid the ring, first onto the third finger of her right hand, and then on the left. "Wasn't it wonderful that it fit?"

"Do you really think he'll marry you?" Audrey went on.

"He gave me this, didn't he?" "Yes, but—" Audrey's tone was doubtful. "He gave things to Nona last year, and he refused to marry her, you know."

Marcie sat down on her couch. "Audrey, could you sound him out for me? Could you ask him whether he's going to propose?"

Her hostess smiled. "He always laughs at me when I ask him questions about girls. I used to be terribly jealous of his women friends, you know—until I grew up."

"Have you asked him about Nona?" Marcie asked, eagerly.

"Yes, I did. I wanted to know, too. And all he did was to tease me—asked if I was afraid of getting a step-mamma. Said he had read instances of horrible cruelty by step-mothers."

She stopped, stared at Marcie, and then, throwing back her head, laughed aloud. "Marcie, I just think you do catch him, you'll be my step-mother!" She rocked back and forth with merriment. "Can you imagine it?"

Marcie considered this view of the situation doubtfully.

"If you ever call me 'mamma' I'll pull your hair," she warned. "I'm going to—positively I will," cried Audrey, in high glee.

Right and Wrong in Dressing



VOGUE

LILYAN—at the right—has read that ostrich feather trimming is good. So has Marie—at the left. But Marie went on to read how it was used; and the result is her smart little Patou frock with the long strands of feathered ostrich on the front of an otherwise plain skirt. The fabric is chiffon—black—the feathers which trim it are black also. Black satin slippers, a double string of pearls and several bracelets, properly worn, complete the costume.

Poor Lilyan—even the way in which she spells her name indicates poor taste—is dressed in orange satin to which she has attached many yards of bushy ostrich. Her shoes are gold kid painted in spots. Her bracelet is one that Cleopatra might have worn, but no one since. Her pearls are awkwardly arranged and her hair is untidy. The moral of all this is that a little knowledge is a dangerous thing.

(Copyright, 1926, by Vogue.)

Conduct and Common Sense

By ANNE SINGLETON.

TABLE SETTING AND TABLE NAPKINS.

MUCH to my surprise I find this question is still bothering people, because they feel some trick outside their usual habits of table setting and napkin folding must be used on gala occasions. But the first great law of entertaining is not to make unnecessary efforts, and an elaborate way is unnecessary. Some people leave them in the neat, flat square in which they come from the laundry. Some people turn two sides of the square under so that the napkin lies in a longish roll on the plate. Some people turn the sides down, as well as under, so that the napkin appears pointed at the top, although it remains flat on the plate.

Nothing more intricate need be attempted. Of course, if you have a fine monogram in the middle of your napkin, you would make the folds so as to show it. Either of the last two suggestions meet this problem.

One thing to remember is to have your table set every day in hand, and placing a glass over his eye, examined the stones.

"I would think," he said, hesitatingly, "that this ring might have cost your father about—about six thousand dollars."

He handed it back. She sighed, and thanked him sadly as she put on the ring again.

"If the worst comes to the worst," she said, appealing to him with her wide, dark eyes, "can I bring this back, and offer it to you?"

"The manager might be interested in so fine a stone as that," he said, and ushered her to the door.

She went on down the street, smiling happily. She did not stop, now, but kept walking steadily, until she reached the small electric shop in which John Parrish had found employment. Entering, she went directly to the small office. Parrish was there, bending over a desk.

He looked up, and as he saw her, started to his feet, his eyes filled with pleased surprise.

(Continued tomorrow.)

Mr. Work's Pointer On Auction Bridge

(Milton C. Work, the international authority, will answer your auction bridge questions. A stamped, self-addressed envelope must accompany each request for replies.)

ONE of the standard questions that I always expect to have asked when I am conducting an "open forum" is one concerning the lead of the singleton. The question is phrased in various ways: "Is the lead of a singleton ever permissible?" or "Is the lead of a singleton ethical?" or "Should you lead a singleton?"

Some bridge players seem to entertain the idea that an unusual play is unethical. Nothing could be more absurd. Any lead or play is ethical unless its maker has some secret understanding with his partner concerning its meaning.

Assuming, however, that the question about the permissibility of a singleton lead refers to its tactical rather than its legal aspect, and also that no bid of that suit by partner or adversary affects the situation, I can best answer the question by saying that against a no-trump contract the lead of a singleton would be unthinkable, but against a trump contract it is probably the biggest gamble of any made at the bridge table, as it may readily be either the only lead that will save the game, or the only lead that will lose it. It is the former more often than the latter.

Therefore, it is a favorite lead, unless the leader has some advantageous high-card sequence to open.

There is one important point, however, about the singleton lead that many players are prone to disregard. The only object of the lead is a ruff and when the hand does not desire a

ruff, it is the limit of folly to ask for it. When strong in trumps, a ruff is the last wish of an adversary of the declarer. In this case the game should be to force the declarer and to try to reduce the declarer's trumps to a number equal or less than his own. Almost invariably with five trumps, and generally with four, there are pregnant possibilities for a defending hand, but the advantageous trump position that it holds may be jeopardized—if not ruined—by an early ruff. Therefore, with four trumps, unless they are all "babies," a ruff should not be asked for, and consequently a singleton should not be led. When the trumps are all so small that there is little chance of their being of service in case of their being asked for by the declarer, it may be good play—even with four—to ask for a ruff; but if the top trump be as high as a ten or jack, asking for a ruff is, as a rule, playing the declarer's game.

With the hand given yesterday: Spades: Jack-x-x-x. Hearts: Queen-Jack-10-x. Diamonds: King-x-x-x. Clubs: Jack; the Queen of Hearts—should the singleton Jack of Clubs—should be led. The hand, with Jack and three other trumps, does not wish to be forced.

The pointer for today is: Against a trump declaration, do not hesitate to lead a singleton if you desire a ruff; but with four trumps headed by a ten or higher card, you should not desire a ruff and should not lead a singleton.

Tomorrow's pointer will be upon an important point in play.

WIVES OF TOMORROW

By FRANCES McDONALD.

The Capable Woman.

DEAR Miss McDonald—I have been married eleven years to a quiet and wonderful looking husband, whom I love dearly.

I have been working as bookkeeper and secretary to a gentleman for sixteen years making a salary of \$40 per week. Now I have succeeded in getting a home together and the car we just bought makes the third one in seven years. For sometime my husband worked for a concern bringing me home \$20 to \$23 per week. I handed him \$6 back from that for his lunches and gas as he used the car to go around with. About a month ago he went to another position which pays him \$55 per week. It was then I bought the new car which costs us \$10 per week as he was always complaining about the old one needing this and that. He expects me to pay for the gasoline and I give him \$7 back from the \$35 and pay all the bills. By the time B. & L. and auto and insurance come out of my pocket I have nothing out of the \$35 for my services to him. He uses the machine to get around in his work and I must use the trolley car. I always have his dinner ready when he gets home in the evening around 7 and 7:30. He eats, reads the paper and retires, saying hardly anything to me. He shows me no affection at all except kissing me when he comes home and when he goes in the morning, but that is merely a habit as he has been doing it for eleven years. I am sure I deserve a little affection and love once in a while. I have been thinking of leaving him but I know I wouldn't be happy away from him.

I am very jealous of him and he wouldn't care where I went. I

hope you will advise me what to do in a case like this. Thanking you in advance.

MRS. D.

In assuming control of the joint finances, and becoming head of the house, you have paid the price that every woman pays who sacrifices the position of sweetheart to fill the position of captain. Your husband can hardly be expected to act the masterful lover when he feels like the poor and humble worm. You are capable. You are successful—and you are egotistical. You have submerged completely the person who once was your husband. You no longer have a husband, because to the man who once occupied that position you are no longer a wife—but a boss. You give him lunch money; you give him a car; you give him a home. You are doing all the things he should be doing. And his spirit is so crushed that nothing can save his manhood but another woman! If that sounds utterly indecent to you, just restrain yourself while I assure you it is just scientific. The other woman, moreover, may come after your death, for it really is ordained that each of us no matter how efficient, must one day leave all things behind—husband and child, money, and their buried hopes and hidden agonies; cars and gasoline and homes bought with our proud \$40 a week! And so it may happen that some day this man whose life you are managing may meet a woman who will want to be a sweetheart instead of a manager, and in that moment he may again become a man. Or, of course, you yourself may change. You may stop cheering yourself from the side lines and do a little cheering for your husband instead. Did you do any cheering when he jumped from \$23 a week to \$35. You increased his allowance, \$1 a week! And in the deleted part of your letter you mention that since the increase in his income he has ceased to regard you as a wife. It may be just that he may have dared hope for a little more than a dollar of his increased earnings. To tell you the truth I secretly agree with the able judge who recently declared that the woman whose earning capacity was greater than her husband's should not be supported—or expected to be! Then the capable woman who longed for a mate and selected one whose earning capacity was \$20 a week would not think—much less speak—of what she should receive for her services to him. It would be understood that each be self-supporting and neither contribute to the other's loss of self-respect. Your problem is a serious one. You only can solve it. And only by allowing your husband to feel like a man rather than the chattel of a woman.

JUST FOLKS

By EDGAR A. GUEST

TEMPTATIONS OF YOUTH.

Now wandering with Caesar through the various fields of Gaul.

And fighting with the Romans doesn't interest him at all.

For who would follow Caesar in some ancient time-fair fight when the Tunney-Dempsey prize fight is being shouted on the air?

They give the youngster home-work as one time they gave it me. He's supposed to find the value of 3x plus 2y.

But an algebraic problem is a trifle stale and flat. When Alexander's pitching and Babe Ruth is at the bat.

(Copyright, 1926, by Edgar A. Guest.)

I may tell him that I studied through the winter evenings long.

That I proved my tough examples till I knew that none was wrong.

But when I was reading Caesar by the lamplight's mellow glow The room was always quiet, for we had no radio.

Now the nights are filled with music, and the air is full of song.

There's a prize fight in the parlor, you can hear the ringside song. You can hear the crowds applauding as the battle is begun.

And I wonder that a youngster ever gets his home-work done.

(Copyright, 1926, by Edgar A. Guest.)

The Smartest "Diners-Out"

Are Wearing

Metal Lace Turbans

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THE very rich, new combination and one that is highly approved by Paris. They are snug and collapsible, so that they are ideal for dancing and they are, indeed, flattering. Illustrated is one of the very smartest, new Agnes drapes in this combination \$27.50

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New York



HOW TO KEEP WELL

By DR. W. A. EVANS

SEEK PREVENTIVE FOR MEASLES.

THE research workers are determined to find a preventive and a cure for measles. Well may they, for the control of measles is a man's job. Vaughan and Palmer thought it impossible. They wrote when the experience of the world war was on them. They seemed to think that in forming an army they would reject all draftees who had not had measles. Possibly they would have liked to expose them to measles and then send them home to have the disease, convalesce and then come into the army.

The British health authorities have regarded the job as so hopeless that they have not required the reporting of measles. The consensus of opinion is that we must have a vaccine for measles before we can make much headway in bringing it under control.

Many such have been proposed. The New York city health department is using serum from convalescent children. Others are using blood from adults who had the disease in childhood. Perry is trying to prove the effectiveness of a vaccine he has used. Larson is at work on one.

Drs. Hoyme and Gasul report success with the use of a goat serum prepared by Dr. Ruth Tunnell. Dr. Tunnell produces her serum by injecting goats with a culture of a coccus which she discovered ten years ago.

The children's department of Cook County hospital is being rebuilt. Until the new children's building is available the children are somewhat mixed up occasionally. It is under these conditions that measles always threatens a hospital. To protect against the danger, Drs. Hoyme and Gasul inject exposed children with Tunnell's goat serum. They consider that of about 10 per cent who developed measles, none had serious complications, the disease was mild in all cases and none died. Among the exposed children who were not immunized, 88 per cent developed measles. One-fourth of those who developed measles died. The immunity lasts only about two to four weeks, but that is long enough for an epidemic to blow over if other measures of control are used. Besides, there is no reason why a second dose of goat serum might not be given in two to four weeks.

REPLY.

He has a mild indigestion. Up to date this has not hurt him very much, but it should not be allowed to continue. Until you get his bowels checked give him nothing but boiled milk and water—equal parts. In many cases all food should be withdrawn for a few days, during which time plenty of barley water is given.

After about three days of very light diet you may very slowly and gradually allow more leeway in the diet.

Why not get a book on infant care?

(Copyright, 1926, by Dr. W. A. Evans.)

WANT TO EXCHANGE SOME REAL ESTATE?

The classified pages of The Post will help you in this direction.

Beauty and You

By VIOLA PARIS.

COLD WEATHER TIPS.

LEST the hands be chapped, never venture out without gloves. Remember, too, to smooth a soothing lotion or cream on the hands each time after washing them. Equal parts of glycerine and orange-flower water, with a dash of tincture of benzoin, can be used as a hand lotion.

Don't forget to rub a little cream or oil on the legs after the bath. They are particularly sensitive and liable to chap around the ankles and at the knees. The usual cleansing cream or a body oil will serve.

Ordinary cornmeal can be used as beauty grains with excellent results. It is simply mixed with warm water when washing the hands, and its purpose is to cleanse and to soften the skin.

In winter it is especially important that the face be kept on the skin of the face or the body generally should be soft water. If the bath water is hard and alkaline, it can be softened by the addition of borax or a little household ammonia, or more luxuriously by de-lightfully scented crystals. Another device for softening water is a little cheesecloth bag filled with ordinary dry oatmeal. This is especially nice for the face and hands.

Always make sure that the skin is thoroughly dried with a soft towel.

There is no necessity for chapped lips, no matter what the weather. Use the kind of lip rouge that agrees with your particular case, and you will find it an excellent protection. At night, before going to bed, put a soothing salve on the lips. Camphor ice, for example, is very good.

If the scalp is naturally rather dry, take particularly good care of the hair in cold weather.

(Copyright, 1926, by Vogue.)

MODISH MITZI



"I didn't realize that the new shoes had so many colors or so many combinations to them," says Mitzi to herself, as she waited in the lobby of the hotel for her two friends. One of the pair of shoes near her is of blue kid, another is of black calf and gray snakeskin. The third is of patent leather with tan python snakeskin trimming. They can match the trimming on hat, bag, umbrella or gloves.

What the Well Shod Foot Will Wear



The two pairs of shoes in front of Mitzi show the tritone effect. They combine three different leathers and three different colors. Patent, suede or calfskin are used for the shoes and two different colors or leathers in the trimming. It's very interesting, mixes Mitzi, and it makes it possible to wear any of three shades of stockings. At this moment she finds that these four feet belong to her two friends. Now she can ask them where they got the shoes and other intimate details.

Tomorrow—Tailored Outdoor Things.

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COLONIAL HOTEL
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Telephone Main 5789

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Apartment Hotel
Massachusetts Ave. at 14th St.
Telephone Potomac 1401

THE MARTINIQUE
Sixteenth Street at K
Telephone Potomac 6711

TILDEN HALL
Apartment Hotel
Connecticut Avenue at Tulane
Telephone Cleveland 2347

RESERVE DISCOUNT BILLS
IN \$14,400,000 DECREASEAcceptance Holdings and U. S.
Securities Bought in Open
Market Increase.

GUY COLUMBIA DIRECTOR

By F. W. PATTERSON.

Holdings of discounted bills by Federal reserve banks on November 17 decreased \$14,400,000 over those of the preceding week, which were \$85,000,000 and \$78,000,000, respectively, developed in holdings of acceptances and government securities purchased in open market, with the result that total bill and security holdings practically were unchanged Wednesday. Cash reserves increased \$14,400,000, and total deposits \$20,000,000, while Federal reserve note circulation shows no material change, according to the consolidated statement of the Federal Reserve Board made public yesterday.

The system's New York city bank reported a decrease of \$25,800,000 in discounted bills, a decline of \$6,100,000; San Francisco, \$5,400,000, and Chicago, \$3,800,000, these reductions partly being offset by increases at Boston and Kansas City reserve banks. The holdings of Treasury certificates were \$6,100,000 and of United States bonds and notes \$17,000,000 above the totals of the preceding week.

The principal changes of Federal reserve note circulation during the week comprise an increase of \$13,100,000 reported by the New York bank and declines of \$6,900,000 reported by Philadelphia, \$4,600,000 by Cleveland, and \$2,700,000 by Atlanta.

Guy a Columbia Director.

Ernest C. Guy was elected a director of the Columbia National Bank to fill the vacancy created by the death of his father, Benjamin C. Guy, and Walter S. Pratt, Jr., was added to the board at a meeting yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Guy is a member of the firm of Guy, Curran & Co., wholesale notions while Mr. Pratt is secretary of the Equitable Cooperative Building association.

Twenty Years' Service Rewarded.

The completion of 20 years' service with the American National and Federal-American National Banks by Henry H. Shackelford, assistant cashier of the Federal-American, was marked by a special ceremony in which officers and directors of the institution, as well as the personnel, participated.

William T. Gallier, chairman of the board, and former president of the American National Bank, presented Shackelford a purse of gold on behalf of the board of directors, at the same time expressing its appreciation of his years of loyal service. Immediately after the anniversary celebration John Poole, president of the bank, following the established custom of several years, presented each employee who had completed one or more years' service in Washington chapter, American Institute of Banking, with \$25. Those of the bank staff who completed the 1925-1926 courses were: Joseph D. Yerkes, William J. DeJarnette, Arthur Ross Deming, John Fisher, Ruth Fisher, W. M. Garrison, Kenneth O. Huber, Edwin Charles Steffe, Francis G. Morrison, Harry L. Rider, George M. Rowzee, W. L. Sander, E. J. Vann, Curtis L. Thrift and E. Taylor Lee. Of this number, Arthur Ross Deming and John Fisher received \$50, both having completed two major courses.

Stock Exchange Dull.

Yesterday's session of the Washington Stock Exchange was a dull affair compared with the market activities of Wednesday, although the paucity of trading was due to lack of offerings, as there was no falling off in bid prices, the entire list remaining firm.

Capital traction, shares of which were sold in three lots totaling 25 shares, was unchanged at 104, while Federal-American National Bank gained 1 1/2 on sale of an odd lot which changed hands at 813.

The bond market was equally dull.

The only transactions recorded being in Georgetown Gas Light 8s, which sold at 99 1/2, and Potomac Electric Power consolidated 8s, changing hands at 100 1/2.

Rail Expenditures Reported.

Capital expenditures made by class one railroads during the first nine months of the current year for improvements to the transportation plant and for the expansion of its capacity, including improvements in and additions to railway facilities, locomotives and cars, totaled \$629,000,000, according to the annual report of the American Railway Association just published. This was an increase of approximately \$100,000,000 over similar capital expenditures made during the corresponding period last year.

While the actual expenditures from January 1 to October 1, this year amounted to \$629,000,000, the railway managements during that period actually authorized capital expenditures amounting to \$1,175,000,000. This includes \$475,000,000 in expenditures authorized brought over from 1925.

Comparing the capital expenditures made during the nine months in 1926 with those during the corresponding period in 1925, it appears there were increases not only in the total of equipment purchases but also in all other classes of capital improvements. Capital expenditures for equipment amounted to \$271,023,000, an increase of \$15,130,000 over the corresponding nine months last year.

To Be Theater Host.

Bertram Chesterton, executive vice president of the Morris Plan Bank, of Washington, will be host to the bank's staff at the theater party of Washington chapter, American Institute of Banking, on November 29, at Poll's, when the members will see the Passing Show of 1926.

Service Co. Earnings.

Net earnings of Cities Service Co. for October, the largest October earnings in the company's history, were \$2,049,868, an increase of 51.1 per cent over net earnings for October 1925, which were \$1,356,548, according to announcement yesterday by J. Eldred Newton, district manager for Henry L. Doherty & Co.

These Oct. earnings bring the total net earnings for the first ten months of the current year up to \$19,637,199, which is \$648,128 greater than net earnings for the 12 months of 1925 when the year's earnings were \$18,989,071. Net to common stock and reserves for October was \$1,289,289, an increase of 80.2 per cent over the net common stock and reserves for October last year, which was \$573,815.

NEW YORK PRODUCE.

New York, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—Dr. Arthur T. Hadley, president emeritus of Yale university, with Beekman Winthrop and Andrew Fletcher, today were elected directors of Engineers Public Service Co., filling the vacancy caused by the death of C. Chauncey Stillman and increasing the board's membership from 13 to 15.

Kuhn Loeb & Co. and the Bankers Trust Co., managers under the plan for readjustment of the share capital of Central Leather Co., announced that more than a majority of each class of stock had been deposited under the plan.

Common stock of the Equitable Office Building was placed on a \$6 annual dividend basis today with a quarterly payment of \$1.50 a share, for a total of \$6.00. The regular quarterly dividend of 1 1/2 per cent on the preferred also was declared. Both are payable January 3 to holders of record December 15.

Plants of the Electric Refrigeration Corporation at Detroit and Grand Rapids are being expanded owing to increased demand for both household and commercial electric refrigeration units. Construction of new buildings will be financed shortly through an issue of \$2,000,000 in 6 per cent bonds.

Chesbrough Manufacturing Co. declared an extra dividend of 75 cents a share and the regular quarterly of the same amount, payable December 28 to stock of record December 10.

Net production of Tidal Oase Oil Co., which is controlled by Tide Water Oil Co., is about 16,000 barrels daily, four times its total last spring, before developing its Seminole properties.

WALL STREET GOSSIP

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Net production of Tidal Oase Oil Co., which is controlled by Tide Water Oil Co., is about 16,000 barrels daily, four times its total last spring, before developing its Seminole properties.

Household Products declared an extra dividend of 50 cents a share, payable January 3, to stock of record December 15.

Scovill Manufacturing Co. declared a stock dividend of 25 per cent to holders of record November 1. Stockholders are entitled to an increase in stock to \$22.128,000 from \$17,700,000 and a change in the par value from \$100 to \$25 a share.

Chicago, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—Department of Agriculture reports that the 13,000,000, weighty fed steers still in the dumps; lower grade heavies in the market; very steady with weak to 75; and instances more decline, yearlings, 12.00; calves, 11.50; heavy steers, 6.50; 7.50; kinds at 11.50; 12.00; 12.50; 13.00; best heavies, 10.25; yearlings, 12.00; she stock and bulls, unchanged; western 11.00; 11.50; 12.00; 12.50; 13.00; 13.50; 14.00; 14.50; 15.00; 15.50; 16.00; 16.50; 17.00; 17.50; 18.00; 18.50; 19.00; 19.50; 20.00; 20.50; 21.00; 21.50; 22.00; 22.50; 23.00; 23.50; 24.00; 24.50; 25.00; 25.50; 26.00; 26.50; 27.00; 27.50; 28.00; 28.50; 29.00; 29.50; 30.00; 30.50; 31.00; 31.50; 32.00; 32.50; 33.00; 33.50; 34.00; 34.50; 35.00; 35.50; 36.00; 36.50; 37.00; 37.50; 38.00; 38.50; 39.00; 39.50; 40.00; 40.50; 41.00; 41.50; 42.00; 42.50; 43.00; 43.50; 44.00; 44.50; 45.00; 45.50; 46.00; 46.50; 47.00; 47.50; 48.00; 48.50; 49.00; 49.50; 50.00; 50.50; 51.00; 51.50; 52.00; 52.50; 53.00; 53.50; 54.00; 54.50; 55.00; 55.50; 56.00; 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PRESIDENT COOLIDGE TO SEE ARMY-MARINE GAME

Close Contest Is Seen for Byrdmen

Maryland Squad Off Today to Battle Washington-Lee.

Generals' Spirit High Since Defeat of Virginia Poly.

MARYLAND UNIVERSITY'S eleven expects to have a real battle on its hands tomorrow at Lexington, Va., in meeting the Washington and Lee University footballers. Coach Byrd, the squad and several hundred Maryland students leave here today for the battle scene.

Since its defeat of Virginia Poly last Saturday, Washington and Lee has taken on a deal of confidence that bids evil for the Old Liners. The Generals found themselves in that game and turned back the strong Blacksburg eleven by two touchdowns. Previously they had fallen before Virginia by a 30-7 count.

In view of Maryland's tie with Virginia and the latter's overwhelming victory over the Generals, Maryland will be the favorite tomorrow. But this is based only on hope, which so far this season has run true very seldom. More than likely Washington and Lee will be a far different team than that which bowed to Virginia.

Maryland is in condition to play the game of its life. The Byrdmen came out of last week's game with Virginia without suffering serious injuries, and in addition are blessed by the fact that Gerald Snyder, their backfield ace, is ready to return to action.

Snyder's injured ankle has fully healed, which forecasts plenty of trouble for the Generals, for he is a speedy and elusive runner.

Ty Rauber, former Central High school star, probably will bear the bulk of the Generals' attack. He is one of the best line plungers in the South and has proved his worth to the Lexingtonians in every game this season. Maryland must brace when he throws his solid body forward in order to stop him.

No other games of importance are being staged in Virginia tomorrow, so a record crowd may be looked for at this contest. Lexington is a hotbed of football enthusiasm. Virginia Military Institute being located there, in addition to W. and L., and the entire population probably will be in attendance tomorrow.

Suzanne, Ired, Chases Chicago Photographer

Chicago, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—The temperament which C. C. Pyle told Suzanne Lenglen to leave in Europe manifested itself tonight when Suzanne chased a newspaper cameraman off the courts where she was appearing here.

The French tennis queen submitted to three flashlight photographs and told the photographers "that would be plenty." Another lingered, however, to get an action pose, and Suzanne's eyes flashed as she told him to get out, claiming the glare was blinding her.

A Coliseum official approached to remove the offender and traded several blows with him before the cameraman was routed. Suzanne was so unnerved that she dropped four straight games to Mary K. Browne, but she rallied to win the set, 7-5, and the second set, 6-1.

Miss Browne won a \$100 bonus promised by Pyle if she won four straight games from the world's champion.

Morgan and Duane Fit for Bout Tonight

New York, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—Tod Morgan, of Seattle, and Carl Duane, of New York, today were pronounced fit by State athletic commission inspectors for their fifteen-round junior lightweight championship battle tomorrow night in Madison Square Garden. Both weighed under the class limit of 130 pounds.

The bout will mark Morgan's third defense of his crown in New York since he lifted the mantle from the shoulders of Mike Ballerino almost a year ago. In previous fights he stopped Kid Sullivan in six rounds and won a judge's decision over Joe Glick.

Duane, who also scored over Glick several months ago when the latter was disqualified for fouling, has a large following, and indications were today that the match would be staged before a capacity crowd. Morgan lists an 8 to 5 favorite.

Two ten-round supporting fights pit Arnold Ryan, national guard featherweight champion, against Eddie Anderson, of Wyoming, and Solly Seeman, New York lightweight, against Lee Murray. Ryan takes the place of Frankie Pink, who underwent an operation on his nose yesterday.

SWAVELY VS. ALEX. Alexandria, Va., Nov. 18.—Alexandria High School will play the Swaveley Preparatory School, of Manassas, Va., here Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock on the Drednought field.

Connaughton Under Gaze Of Critics

G. U. Star Makes Bid for All-American at Fordham.

Team to Drill at Polo Grounds for Game With Fordham.

By JACK ESPEY. WITH every regular in fighting trim and a reserve list numbering 19, the Georgetown university football squad entrained yesterday for New York for the game with Fordham tomorrow at the Polo Grounds. The players were accompanied by Head Coach Lou Little, assistant coaches Palm, DaGross and Kopf, Father Vincent S. McDonough of the faculty, and a large group of students.

It was evident from the serious faces that passed through Union station that the Hilltop eleven will not be overconfident when it tackles the Maroon. Coach Little has lectured daily to his men against feeling "too good" for the New Yorkers.

The game will be the fourteenth annual meeting on the gridiron of the two schools. Georgetown has won seven and lost four, and two of the contests resulted in tie scores.

Last year Georgetown upset Fordham with a 27-0 reverse after the undefeated Maroon had expected to win easily. It is therefore certain that the New Yorkers are going to bend every effort toward making amends tomorrow.

Little will send the Hilltoppers into a light fight this afternoon on the Polo ground field in order to work out possible stiffness resulting from the train ride. The turf of the gridiron will be done over by the players so that they will know the hard and soft spots, the treacherous footing or any other condition with which they must be acquainted during the game.

Recent rains probably have made the field soggy, and if such is the case tomorrow Georgetown should hold an advantage because of its superiority in weight. The heavy going allows a set of ponderous players like Georgetown's line to occupy a special box with other dignitaries in governmental and civic life who have been invited to attend.

Julius Aaron, owner of the Philadelphia franchise and widely known in Philadelphia boxing circles, also will be a spectator. Critics throughout the circuit expect to see the Quakers return the victors in the opening contest, since the club is acknowledged to be the strongest in the league, on paper. Stretch Meehan, center for the victors, is one of the most colorful players in the professional court game today.

In a preliminary game the Kanas, representing the Jewish Community center, are the St. Mary's Celtics, supporting the cause of the Alexandria Irish population, will play, starting at 7:30 p. m.

The Washington Independent Boys' band, including 70 pieces, will view the evening's entertainment as one of Capt. Ray Kennedy, of the Washington team. Music in addition to the band will be furnished by an orchestra, which will play for dancing until 11 o'clock, after the game.

On Monday night, designated as Ladies' night, Washington will engage the Brooklyn five, while the Epiphany Roses and the Walter's Collegians will clash in the preliminary.

It has been announced through league headquarters that President Joseph Carr will give \$5,000 as a prize to the team that wins each of the two halves of the season's schedule. This will afford an added incentive and is certain to draw from them their best efforts.

Gallaudet students will have to use their hands instead of their feet when they give their yells and songs. Usually they pound on boards with their feet, but they will not be able to do this at the stadium as the stands are constructed of concrete. Beautiful pictures will be on sale at the game, printed by students at the college in their colors of buff and blue. The line-up of both teams will be shown and a score sheet to keep track of the game by periods. Pictures of the team, Manager Jacobson, Coach "Teddy" Hughes, and many of the buildings at Kendall Green will appear in the booklet.

Word has been received from Blue Ridge that there will be in the neighborhood of 200 rooters, students and their friends attending the game. Coach Wolfgang, of the Mountaineers, states his team will be ready to put up a great battle against the Silents, as they are anxious to repeat their victory of last season.

American Tennis Attacked By French Captain in Reply

France Has Little to Learn From America in Conduct of Its Tournaments, Is Scathing Answer of Cup Team Captain.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—Expressing the view that the "scattering of the American championships" was very harmful to the finances of the United States Lawn Tennis association, M. Gillou estimated in the report that the French team would have received \$4,000 more had the challenge round Davis cup matches been staged at the Westside club rather than at the Germantown Cricket club of Philadelphia.

The Germantown club is referred to as having "a charming clubhouse, ordinary locker rooms, impossible food." Picturing American fans as not conducting themselves "very well," M. Gillou says that "the women utter piercing cries while the ball is in play, and it is customary to applaud excitedly the winning of a game by a player if he receives a double fault, should he happen to be a favorite of the crowd."

Favorable comment is made of the work of American umpires and line-men. "Their decisions are given promptly and are almost always correct, and never disputed," M. Gillou found, "except at times by the only Tilden."

In conclusion, Capt. Gillou expresses the view that Americans still have much to learn from the English, who are the last who ought to serve us as models.

Playing conditions prevailing on the Riviera during the invasion of Helen Wills and later during the European tour of Vincent Richards and Howard Kinsey also occasioned comment.

D. C. OFFICIAL TO ATTEND SILENT TEAM READY FOR GAME

Commr. Daugherty to Toss First Ball in Pro Court Game.

COMMISSIONER Proctor L. Dougherty will toss out the first ball in the opening game of the American Basketball league Sunday night at the Arcadia when the Washington and Philadelphia fives meet. Mr. Dougherty will occupy a special box with other dignitaries in governmental and civic life who have been invited to attend.

Part of the funds derived from the game will go toward Gallaudet's allotment for the benefit of the Walter Camp memorial fund. Coach "Teddy" Hughes is greatly pleased with the progress of his Gallaudet team during the week and the fact that both Byrnes and Rose, his two stars, are in condition to start the contest. Hughes expects a hard battle, but feels that with these two in the line-up that his team should defeat Blue Ridge by a comfortable margin.

Poor generalship and fumbling have been the worst faults of his backfield and he has worked all week to eliminate any mistakes.

Being sovernia at an all-State selection in Iowa before coming to Gallaudet, is ready to jump in and run the team if the regulars do not perform satisfactorily.

Bumann, a senior, who has not been seen in a game this season, will be at the post position at left tackle in place of Cain, a prep. Bumann, Capt. Scarvie, Rose, Killian and Wright, seniors, will play their last football game for the Buff and Blue.

The price of admission will be \$1, entitling the holder to any have been placed on sale at the Capital, Continental and Willard hotels; Spalding's, 1338 G street; Sport Mart, 914 F street; "Cy" Prather's, 705 H street northeast; Sieverling's, 710 H street northeast, and Brownley's, Thirteenth and F streets.

As there will be deaf students selling tickets at the park, patrons of the game will have to signal on their fingers how many they would like to purchase. Gallaudet students will have to use their hands instead of their feet when they give their yells and songs. Usually they pound on boards with their feet, but they will not be able to do this at the stadium as the stands are constructed of concrete.

Beautiful pictures will be on sale at the game, printed by students at the college in their colors of buff and blue. The line-up of both teams will be shown and a score sheet to keep track of the game by periods. Pictures of the team, Manager Jacobson, Coach "Teddy" Hughes, and many of the buildings at Kendall Green will appear in the booklet.

Word has been received from Blue Ridge that there will be in the neighborhood of 200 rooters, students and their friends attending the game. Coach Wolfgang, of the Mountaineers, states his team will be ready to put up a great battle against the Silents, as they are anxious to repeat their victory of last season.

Fordham Tilt Is Chance of G. U. Star

Other Players to Be Under Scrutiny in Games Tomorrow.

Ends of Brown, Penn and Syracuse Make Bid for Selection.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—Eastern football critics sharpened their pencils today for final scrutiny of outstanding all-American team candidates.

Games of the next ten days offer their last opportunity for observations, with several of the teams including Yale and Harvard, dropping the curtain this week. There will be at least five major struggles on the subsequent Thanksgiving day card, however, with Pennsylvania, Cornell, Brown, and Colgate, Pittsburgh, Penn State, Columbia and Syracuse, West Virginia and Washington-Jefferson coming to grips.

New York observers will have their first and last chance on Saturday to view Georgetown's 280-pound guard, Babe Connaughton, as the Hilltoppers go into action here against Fordham.

The contest also will mark the final appearance in college mole-skins of Zev Graham, clever, Fordham quarterback, while Sturhahn, Yale guard, who was given an all-American ranking by many critics last year, will play his farewell game against Harvard.

Two wingmen of Brown—Broda and Towle—whose play has received favorable comment, still have two more games ahead, but their appearances will be made on Thanksgiving day by another pair of star ends when Thayer, of Pennsylvania, leads his eleven against Cornell and Yale. Hann lines up with Syracuse against Columbia.

The Midwest will have a chance to look over a few Eastern candidates in their certain games. Al Lausman, of N. Y. U., described by Foster Sanford, of Rutgers, as one of the best linemen he has seen in years, makes his final bid for seasonal honors against Nebraska on Saturday.

One week later, Army and Navy lock at Chicago in a game which will find Harry Wilson, veteran back, and Born and Daly, Army linemen, vying with Wickford, Navy tackle, or places in the all-American spotlight.

Carey, Cornell lineman; Mike Wilson, Lafayette back; Amos, W. and J. full-back; Butler, Pennsylvania center; and Carr, Syracuse back, are only a few of the many other outstanding players who are girding themselves for the final drive.

Convinced that they have little hope of penetrating the powerful wall of Georgetown, revealed against Navy, Fordham players have prepared a strictly aerial reception for the Hilltoppers.

The contest will be their fourteenth struggle on the gridiron. Georgetown having won seven, Fordham four and two resulting in scoreless ties. Georgetown triumphed a year ago, 27 to 0.

The Carnegie Tech-West Virginia grapple at Pittsburgh ranks among the few contests promising close and hard-fought engagements. Both teams have been beaten twice, Carnegie Tech by Washington-Jefferson and N. Y. U., and West Virginia by Pittsburgh and Missouri.

Tech, however, defeated the Panthers by 14 to 0, while the outstanding triumph of the Mountaineers was scored over Georgetown, 13 to 10.

Ft. Humphreys Meets Delaware Grid Team

Fort Humphreys' eleven will entertain the gridiron warriors from Fort Dupont, Del., Sunday on the post field at 3 o'clock. The Virginia soldiers, handicapped by the absence of Croft, Duke and Sine, who were injured in the Mohawk game, hope to win. In a previous game these eleven battled to a scoreless tie.

Crescent Stars Back; Facing Hard Schedule

With the return of several high school players, "Pop" Dulin has arranged a hard schedule for his Crescent eleven. Sunday, the Anacostia Eagle preps will be met at Fairview at 2 o'clock. The Crescents oppose the Clarendon Lyons Thanksgiving and the Alexandria Pirates the Sunday following.

The annual Crescent dance will be held Thanksgiving night.

REWARD TO VICTOR



The President's cup, the gift of President Coolidge, will remain in the possession of the winner of the Army-Marine game tomorrow for one year. The Marines are the present holders of the trophy.

Scalpers Trapped, Told To Leave Annapolis

Annapolis, Md., Nov. 13 (By A. P.).—After being trapped into paying \$40 each for two tickets for the Army-Navy football game at Chicago, two ticket speculators were given until 6 o'clock tonight to leave Annapolis under threat of fine and imprisonment.

For several days Commander Jonas H. Ingram, director of athletics at the Naval Academy, had received reports that two scalpers staying at a local hotel had been trying to buy tickets from midshipmen. Last night he sent a midshipman to the pair with two tickets which were sold for \$40 each, though their original price was only \$3.50 apiece.

The midshipman took the money and reported to Commander Ingram. Today the commander called on the two men at the hotel, returned their money, took the tickets and warned them that under a provision of the Annapolis city code they were liable to fine and imprisonment for corrupting morals of midshipmen. They agreed to leave town by nightfall.

12,000 GAME TICKETS SOLD TO CONGRESS

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

secretarial fraternity with an Army-Navy football ticket scandal.

Recently the New Yorker dropped some remarks about ticket scalping by unnamed secretaries, and yesterday R. J. Bourke, secretary to Representative Bacharach, of New Jersey, replied that he had heard of some big scale ticket operations on the part of congressmen themselves.

Bourke not only invited the investigation. Fish had hinted at, but asked the New York member to name the secretaries to whom he had referred, so that his utterances would not lead the country to believe that all secretaries are crooks.

"I presume that Mr. Fish would also call before the investigation committee the members of Congress who have bought up these tickets right and left at whatever price they could get them for," said Bourke.

It is common knowledge that through an arrangement with the South Side Athletic association, of Chicago, members of Congress were permitted to buy as many tickets as they wanted while the supply lasted at prices ranging from \$10.00 to \$15.00 a ticket, and I understand that a number of members bought as many as a hundred tickets each under this privilege."

DIES AT BASKETBALL

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—Robert Mathews, 17, died while playing basketball here last night. A coroner's verdict gave the cause as heart disease.

Party Divides Support in Battle

First Lady, Highest Service Officials to Be There.

Goettge Decides Not to Attempt Play in Grid Classic.

AN absolute even break for the Marine corps and Army will be the matter of his distinguished presence tomorrow at the football battle in Catholic university's stadium for the President's cup.

By the side of the chief executive will be the first lady of the land, come to see the most colorful gridiron spectacle presented in Washington this year.

During the first half the White House pair will occupy a box on the Marines' side of the field. Between halves they will switch to the stronghold of the doughboy rooters.

At the end of the first half the President and Mrs. Coolidge will match the Marine corps and Army in a game of the field. Between halves they will switch to the stronghold of the doughboy rooters.

They will be met by the Secretary of War, Dwight Davis, and Maj. Gen. John L. Hines and Maj. Gen. Charles F. Sumner, the outgoing and incoming chiefs of staff, respectively, and escorted to a box situated directly in front of the Army's cheering section.

The Marine band will play as the nation's chief executive and first lady march to the gridiron's center. After the greeting by the Army's chieftains, the Army band will help to make their steps lighter as they go to take their places among the doughboys.

After the battle is over the President will present to the victorious team the trophy. The Marine band will play as the nation's chief executive and first lady march to the gridiron's center.

More than 1,000 marines will oppose a similar number of soldiers in a rooting contest. They will form outside the stadium at 1:40 o'clock and march to their sections, each outfit led by a band. When the President arrives the Marine band will strike up the President's march.

Every military organization in Washington and nearby last night had completed arrangements to attend the game in a body. Most of civilians, lured by the color of it all and the prospect of a hotly contested game, swamped the places where tickets were being distributed.

Besides being the most colorful attraction of the year, it is the least expensive from the fan's viewpoint, for reserve seats are only \$1 and general admission 50 cents.

Fort Benning's team took its final stiff workout yesterday at Washington barracks before the admiring eyes of Army backers. The doughboys looked skilled and snappy compared with the team that Fort Benning sent up last year. The Army this time is asking no odds.

Little surprise was expressed last night when it was announced that the participation of Lieut. Frank Goettge, the Marines' ace of other days, probably would not play after all. It was expected that he would, but after a conference of Marine leaders last night it was announced that the old war horse's place to get back in battle tops was denied.

Lieut. Goettge, it was believed, was ready for another game, but after a review of injuries he received last year it was thought better not to risk further hurts.

"Let well enough alone, Frank," they told him.

DIES AT BASKETBALL

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—Robert Mathews, 17, died while playing basketball here last night. A coroner's verdict gave the cause as heart disease.

\$50

STEIN BLOCH SUITS AND O'COATS AT FIFTY ARE MORE THAN A FIFTY-FIFTY VALUE

They represent a radical departure from ordinary clothing values—are the culmination of many years of intensive endeavor to produce the highest quality fabrics and craftsmanship for the minimum price—a distinct accomplishment.

Sidney West (INCORPORATED) 14th & G Streets N. W.

AUTOMOBILES BY AUCTION AT Weschler's 920 Penn Ave. Including Mack and C. M. C. Trucks Tomorrow, 10 A. M.

HAWKINS NASH MOTOR CO. Conveniently Located on Fourteenth Street 1333-37 14th St. N. W. Main 5750.

Lambert Leads Field At Pocket Billiards

Having won 29 of 35 games, Lambert is leading the "French pool" tournament being staged at Elmer's billiard room. The complete standing follows:

Lambert	29	4	1	10	100
Hardy	24	1	1	10	100
Swinsburne	12	8	1	10	100
Kellogg	8	8	1	10	100
Small	8	8	1	10	100
O'Neill	8	8	1	10	100
Tallman	13	17	1	10	100

TROUSERS To Match Your Old Coats EISEMAN'S, 7th & F

BENEDICK FOR BACHELORS 808 EYE STREET CLUB SERVICE

"Remember!" The address and you'll be just as happy as the crowd pictured above.

Chrysler Sedan	\$750
Chrysler Coach	\$950
Marmion 4-pass. Sport	\$750
Dodge Coupe	\$850
Studebaker Coach	\$750
Buick '24 Touring	\$490

Other 35 Cars All late models and at lowest prices anywhere. "WALLACE" Nash Distributor 1709 L St. Main 7612

WOLF'S WALK-OVER "KAYO" \$7.00

It's a knockout—one of Walk-Over's most popular young men's styles that the older men will wear, too. Its attractive color and stitching appeal to young and old.

Wolf's Walk-Over Shops 929 F St.—929 Pa. Ave.

LIGHT VIEW ROMPS TO VICTORY IN FEATURE

Laura Dianti Beaten in Stretch

Maiben Makes Move Early This Time; Hobcaw Scores.

Arbitration Is Winner With Ease; Sixth to Grand Bey.

BOWIE, Md., Nov. 18.—Light View, a keen performer over the Bowie oval last fall, indicated he had lost none of his liking for the track when he romped off with the mile and a half long Dominion handicap. The word "romped" is used advisedly, for, though his margin at the final pole was only slightly more than a length, he had pursued the "overland" route all the way and still was good enough to come on in the stretch and win as Maiben willed.

Maiben, who had been in the lead, remembering this year's victory on the same race a few days ago, began their encouraging shouts of "turn him loose, Maiben!" as he turned under the backstretch, after traveling a trifle over 3 furlongs. At any rate, the Western rider made his move much earlier than he did on Monday, and came along at the top of the stretch to run over the tired leaders.

Laura Dianti caught him under a bolder ride than offered by Stevens. This had restrained the weak light back to Golden Bell in the early stages, when the opportunity offered to steal a long lead.

The stretch-run found his charge tailing off steadily, as did Golden Bell. Still, they were good enough to save the minor awards from the sluggish King Solomon's Seal and the fractious Cudgeler.

Hobcaw, after several attempts to break out of the maiden ranks, finally accomplished this feat when he proved the best of the fourteen maiden juveniles that faced the starter for the 6-furlong dash that opened today's activities.

Hobcaw was installed a prohibitive choice and after holding up the start for several minutes, he broke into his fractious behavior at the barrier, the field was dispatched to an excellent start and Hobcaw, finding his stride, quickly raced into a long early lead.

O'Donnell did not hurry him after he was well in his stride and took matters easy until reaching the far turn, where he shook his mount up to resist the final rush from Dexter. The latter was always in nearest attendance of the winner from the start, and with a few more strides to take would have been returned the winner.

The first two were separated by a neck, while two lengths farther back came Mattilda B., to account for the small end of the purse.

The Everglades purse, the second number on the card, resulted in one of the closest finishes at the meeting, when Milwick, Bull Run and Gnome Girl finished so closely aligned that only the placing judges were in a position to separate the trio as they flashed by the wire.

When the numbers were officially displayed the verdict was given to Milwick with Bull Run getting place and Gnome Girl third, well in front of the others that vied for supremacy. The start found the six starters away good footing, and directly after the break Sandhills planned his ears and bolted to the outside, thus leaving five to fight out the heat.

Bull Run went into the lead shortly after the break, with Gnome Girl showing the way to the others by wide margin. Reaching the far turn, Gnome Girl was abreast of Bull Run and Milwick was just beginning his charge that was to see him winner. Bull Run had begun to shorten his strides and Milwick, closing with a high burst of speed, just managed to get up in the concluding strides, and on returning to the scales was accorded a loud ovation.

Another close fight came with the running of the Sherwood Forest purse, the third event on the card, at the intermediate distance of 6 1/2 furlongs, when Ursa Major, racing for Walter J. Salmon, successfully carried his silks to a high-earned victory, when the stock farm stable, with Banco Sulvi, was home just a head to the good of Thistlewood, from the Nevada stock farm, with Banco Sulvi, saving the minor end of the spoils.

Ursa Major was accorded stout support and went to the post favorite, and he flattered his admirers by taking the lead with the rise of the barrier and then, with an early contention from Banco Sulvi, just had enough left to resist the fast-traveling Thistlewood, who came with a mighty rush the last quarter and just failed to get up.

Banco Sulvi had no opposition for third end of the purse.

E. P. Summerfield's Arbitration was returned the earliest with the afternoon when he accounted for the Benning purse, the mile and 70 yard dash that was carried fifth on the program, by scoring by two lengths over Man and seven others that attempted to earn brackets. Arbitration was reserved off the pace, and was until reaching the far turn. Here Church, who had the mount on the Summerfield starter, closed to go through on the inside of his field while the leader steered wide in order to take advantage of the better footing. Once in command, Arbitration over left the result in doubt thereafter and was coasting through the final stages of the contest.

Grand Bey made his field look decidedly cheap in the sixth event, which was decided over the mile and one-sixteenth race, when he led his opponent

RESULTS AT BOWIE, MARYLAND, NOV. 18, 1926

WEATHER, CLOUDY; TRACK, FAST.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, \$1,300. For maiden 2-year-olds; claiming. Start good. Won driving. Place same. Went to post at 1:02. Off at 1:09. Winner, Kershaw Stable's "Light View," C. M. Miller, 112.2; second, "Maiben," C. M. Miller, 113.2; third, "Hobcaw," C. M. Miller, 114.2. Time, 0:25.25; 0:51.35; 1:17.45.

STARTERS: Light View, 112.2; Maiben, 113.2; Hobcaw, 114.2; King Solomon's Seal, 115.2; Cudgeler, 116.2; Arbitration, 117.2; Benning, 118.2; Man, 119.2; Church, 120.2; Summerfield, 121.2; Grand Bey, 122.2; Grand Bey, 123.2; Grand Bey, 124.2; Grand Bey, 125.2; Grand Bey, 126.2; Grand Bey, 127.2; Grand Bey, 128.2; Grand Bey, 129.2; Grand Bey, 130.2; Grand Bey, 131.2; Grand Bey, 132.2; Grand Bey, 133.2; Grand Bey, 134.2; Grand Bey, 135.2; Grand Bey, 136.2; Grand Bey, 137.2; Grand Bey, 138.2; Grand Bey, 139.2; Grand Bey, 140.2; Grand Bey, 141.2; Grand Bey, 142.2; Grand Bey, 143.2; Grand Bey, 144.2; Grand Bey, 145.2; Grand Bey, 146.2; Grand Bey, 147.2; Grand Bey, 148.2; Grand Bey, 149.2; Grand Bey, 150.2; Grand Bey, 151.2; Grand Bey, 152.2; Grand Bey, 153.2; Grand Bey, 154.2; Grand Bey, 155.2; Grand Bey, 156.2; Grand Bey, 157.2; Grand Bey, 158.2; Grand Bey, 159.2; Grand Bey, 160.2; Grand Bey, 161.2; Grand Bey, 162.2; Grand Bey, 163.2; Grand Bey, 164.2; Grand Bey, 165.2; Grand Bey, 166.2; Grand Bey, 167.2; 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RADIO PROGRAMS

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 19.
LOCAL STATIONS.
EASTERN STANDARD TIME.
NAA—Arlington (435)
 10:30 a. m. 3:15 p. m. and 10 p. m.
 Weather reports.
 7:45 p. m.—U. S. public health service lecture: "Preventing the Importation of Disease."
WR—Radio Corp. of America (469)
 8:45 to 7:45 a. m.—Tower health exercises from the Metropolitan tower, New York city.
 11:55 a. m.—Arlington time signals.
 12 noon—"Daily Fishes," prepared by the Department of Agriculture and the University of Maryland extension service.
 12:10 p. m.—Organ recital from the Homer L. Kitt studios.
 1 p. m.—Irving Boernstein's Lee House trio.
 8 to 6 p. m.—"Sidney and His Hotel Mayflower orchestra," from the Hotel Mayflower palm room.
 6:45 p. m.—"Book Reviews," by Mrs. Nina Reed, "East of the Sun and West of the Moon," by Theodore and Kermit Roosevelt; "Labs," by Hamilton Gibbs, and "Here Come Swords," by Coultis Brisbane.
 7 p. m.—Meyer Goldman's Hotel Hamilton orchestra.
 8 p. m.—Mozart string orchestra.
 8:30 p. m.—Hohner harmony hour, from WEAF.
 9 p. m.—Breyer ice cream hour, from WJZ.
 10 p. m.—Whittall Anglo-Persians, from WEAF.
 10:30 to 12:30 p. m.—Irving Boernstein's Wardman Park Hotel orchestra, from Wardman Park hotel.
WMAL—Leece Radio Co. (294)
 12:30 to 1:30 p. m.—The City club's weekly Friday luncheon forum presents Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, editor of Good Housekeeping Magazine, who will speak on "Eating—Its Economic Philosophy and Abuse." Music by McWilliams' City Club symphonists.
DISTANT STATIONS.
KDKA—Pittsburgh (359)
 2:30 to 6:15 p. m.—Continuous.
 7:45 p. m.—U. of P. Girls Glee club.
 9 to 10 p. m.—Teatime.
KFI—Los Angeles (467)
 8:30 p. m.—Matinee.
 9 p. m. to 1 a. m.—Continuous.
KOA—Denver (322)
 8 p. m.—Stocks.
 8:30 p. m.—Lesson.
 10 p. m.—Orchestra.
KYHS—Hot Springs (375)
 9 to 11 p. m.—Frolie.
KYW—Chicago (535)
 7 to 12 p. m.—Concert.
WAHG—New York (316)
 7:30 to 10:15 p. m.—Soloists and orchestra.
WAIL—Columbus (294)
 6 to 8:30 p. m.—Continuous.
WBAL—Baltimore (246)
 2:30 to 8 p. m.—Program.
 7:30 p. m.—Quartet.
 9:30 p. m. to 12 p. m.—Continuous.
WBAP—Fort Worth (476)
 8:30 p. m.—Trio.
 10:30 p. m.—Organist.
 12 p. m.—Music.

WBBM—Chicago (226)
 4 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.
WBZ—Springfield, Mass. (333)
 8 p. m.—Organ.
 9 p. m.—Soprano.
 9:30 p. m.—Soloist.
 10:05 p. m.—Orchestra.
WCAU—Philadelphia (278)
 7:30 to 11 p. m.—Program.
WCX—Detroit (517)
 6 p. m.—Ensemble.
 8 p. m.—Studio.
 10 p. m.—Cody.
WEAF—New York (492)
 4 to 6 p. m.—Program.
 7:30 p. m.—Barytone.
 8 p. m.—Candy Tots.
 9 p. m.—Islanders.
 10 p. m.—Anglo-Persians.
WIDO—Winter Park, Fla. (240)
 7:50 p. m.—Counsell.
 8:55 p. m.—Reports.
 9 p. m.—Music.
 10 p. m.—Sports.
WEMC—Berrien Springs (286)
 9:15 p. m.—Hymns.
WFAA—Dallas (476)
 7:30 p. m.—Orchestra.
 9:30 p. m.—Recital.
WFI—Philadelphia (395)
 1 to 7 p. m.—Hourly program.
WFBH—New York (273)
 6 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.
WGBS—New York (316)
 1 to 7 p. m.—Interview.
WGY—Schenectady (380)
 6 p. m.—Harmony twins.
 7 p. m.—Dinner music.
 8 p. m.—Band.
 9 p. m.—Dance-act plays.
 10 p. m.—Piano.
 11 p. m.—Soloist.
WGR—Buffalo, N. Y. (319)
 6:30 p. m.—Orchestra.
 8 p. m.—Soloist.
 9:30 p. m.—Same as WEAF.
WHAH—Rochester, N. Y. (278)
 7 p. m.—Continuous.
WHN—New York (361)
 7 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.
WHAR—Atlantic City (275)
 2 p. m.—Trio.
 7:30 p. m.—Talk.
 8 p. m.—Trio.
WHO—Des Moines (326)
 7 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.
WIP—Philadelphia (508)
 1 to 7 p. m.—Continuous.
WJR—Detroit (517)
 9 p. m.—Soloist.
 9 p. m.—Studio.
WJZ—New York (454)
 1 to 6 p. m.—Program.
 7 p. m.—Concert.
 8 p. m.—Serenaders.
 9 p. m.—Breyer hour.
 10 p. m.—Baldwin hour.
 11 p. m.—Orchestra.
WKRC—Cincinnati (422)
 8 to 12 p. m.—Program.
WLIT—Philadelphia (395)
 1 p. m.—Continuous.
WLW—Cincinnati (422)
 Silent.
WLWL—New York (288)
 9 to 10:30 p. m.—Paulist program.
WMAQ—Chicago (448)
 7 to 9 p. m.—Music.
WMAK—Buffalo, N. Y. (365)
 7:15 to 8 p. m.—Program.
 11 p. m.—Anniversary.
WOK—Chicago (217)
 7 to 9 p. m.—Concert.
 9 to 10 p. m.—Orchestra.
 10:30 p. m.—Syncopators.
WOR—Newark, N. J. (408)
 5:15 to 11 p. m.—Program.
WPG—Atlantic City (306)
 7 p. m.—News.
 7:15 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.
WQAO—New York (361)
 8 p. m.—Baptist church.
WREO—Lansing, Mich. (286)
 6 p. m.—Concert.
WRVA—Richmond, Va. (256)
 6:45 p. m.—Markets.
 7 p. m.—Music.
 8 p. m.—Chorus.
 10 p. m.—Dance.
 11 p. m.—"Carry Me Back to Old Virginia."
WSAI—Cincinnati (326)
 7:45 p. m.—Sextet.
 8:45 p. m.—News review.
 9 p. m.—Dance hour.
WTAM—Cleveland (389)
 6 p. m.—Orchestra.
 7:30 p. m.—Studio.
 9:30 p. m.—Same as WEAF.
WWJ—Detroit (353)
 8 p. m.—Concert.
 9 p. m.—Orchestra.
 9:30 p. m.—Same as WEAF.



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THE GUMPS



ELLA CINDERS—That's Her Decision.

Ella Cinders will be on a full page in next Sunday's comic section of The Washington Post By Bill Conselman and Charlie Plumb



GASOLINE ALLEY

Avery's Foot Slipped.



MINUTE MOVIES

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By Ed Wheeler



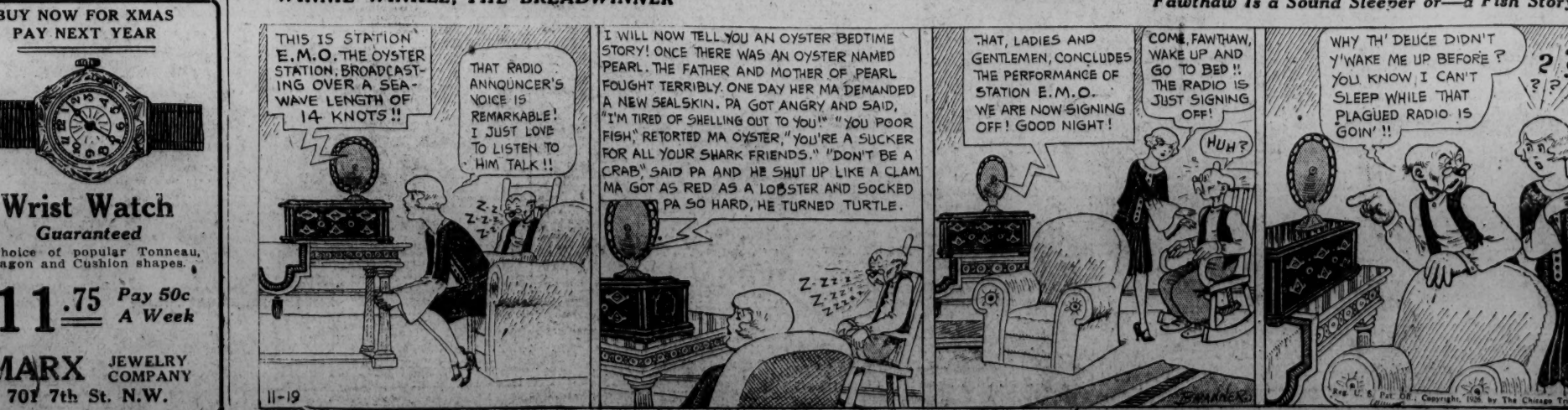
CICERO SAPP

By Fred Locher



WINNIE WINKLE, THE BREADWINNER

Fawthaw Is a Sound Sleeper or—a Fish Story.



FOREIGN BOND BUYING
PLAYS ENTIRE MARKETSpirited Bidding for Belgian
Loans Features Trading;
Rails in Demand.

INDUSTRIAL GROUP QUIET

New York, Nov. 18 (By the Associated Press).—Aided by another vigorous buying movement in foreign obligations, the bond market headed upward again today in reflection of an easier money situation. New high records were established by representative issues in several departments of the list.

Spirited bidding for Belgian obligations, sending most of them to new price peaks, was the outstanding feature of the day's dealings. The new government 7½ offered a few weeks ago at 94, sold a full 5 points above the offering figure before the advance was halted. Substantial fractional gains were registered by the other government bonds, as well as various French and German issues.

Front taking interrupted the forward movement of the St. Paul line, although one or two high records were marked up before the announcement of an important step in the reorganization—the chartering of a new railroad company which eventually will succeed the one now in receivership.

A good demand was maintained for other rail mortgages, including Great Northern, Chesapeake & Ohio, Northern Pacific, Rock Island, New York Central, Atchafalaya, St. Louis-Southwestern and Seaboard issues.

Industrial bonds made no important contribution to the day's trading activities, although liquid Carnation 6½ advanced to a new high above 100, and some of the sugar issues were strengthened by higher prices for this product.

Terms governing the subscription to the \$120,000,000 Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey debentures probably will be laid tomorrow before the company's preferred stockholders.

Any bonds remain they will be offered to the public next week.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

New York, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—Foreign exchanges mixed. Quotations in cents: Great Britain—Demand, 48½; cables, 48½; 15-16; 60 day bills on banks, 48½. France—Demand, 3.47½; cables, 3.48½; 15-16; 60 day bills on banks, 3.48½. Italy—Demand, 4.19½; cables, 4.20½. Belgium—Demand, 13.90; cables, 13.90. Germany—Demand, 23.73; cables, 23.73. Holland—Demand, 20.55; cables, 20.55. Norway—Demand, 26.85; cables, 26.85. Sweden—Demand, 26.87; cables, 26.87. Denmark—Demand, 16.62; cables, 16.62. Switzerland—Demand, 19.28; cables, 19.28. Spain—Demand, 16.22; cables, 16.22. Czechoslovakia—Demand, 1.82½; cables, 1.82½. Austria—Demand, 1.12½; cables, 1.12½. Romania—Demand, 1.12½; cables, 1.12½. Argentina—Demand, 40.26½; cables, 40.26½. Brazil—Demand, 12.75; cables, 12.75. Mexico—Demand, 12.75; cables, 12.75. Tokyo—Demand, 161.87½; cables, 161.87½. Shanghai—Demand, 61.87½; cables, 61.87½. Montreal—Demand, 100.15½; cables, 100.15½.

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, Nov. 18 (By A. P.).—Wheat prices tilted upward today owing largely to North American spot business that was estimated as speculative selling of bushels active advance, however, and partly owing to the falling of quotations for wheat for wheat were unsettled.

Oats unchanged to 27 cents. Heavy rains in Argentina, with Liverpool wheat prices higher than expected, had a tendency to strengthen the wheat market here.

Lowering of ocean freight rates, meanwhile, tended to become a demand for wheat from North America, and so likewise did an advance in exchange rates to Europe.

The fact that general downpour of moisture were seen in Santa Fe and Cordoba provinces, Argentina, aroused particular attention, harvest operations being in progress there, and rains would be likely to cause damage.

Increased pressure to sell which developed in the wheat market toward the last of the month, more or less to advice that British coal miners had rejected government peace proposals, and that delay in ending the strike would result.

Reports were also current that the Canadian grain trade was becoming uneasy over the rapid accumulation of wheat stocks because of the scarcity of storage space as well as under such circumstances, buying power finally became weak.

Wheat pit despite the big total of export business, which was an outstanding feature of the day's trading, and cold weather over the greater part of the country, the grain's firmness to the corn market and also to cotton. Receipts here today were small, only 80 cars.

Better cash demand helped to lift most of the provision market, notwithstanding that hog values were weak.

Wheat—No. 2 hard, 1.38½; No. 2 mixed, 1.37½. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 72; No. 2 yellow, 74½. Rye—No. 1, 93½. Barley—No. 1, 94½. Grain and Provision Futures: Wheat—High, Low, Last. December, 1.40, 1.38½, 1.39½. May, 1.33½, 1.32½, 1.33½. Corn—December, 71½, 70½, 71. May, 46½, 45½, 46½. Rye—December, 91½, 90½, 91. May, 97½, 96½, 97½.

CHICAGO STOCKS.

Armour & Co. of Del. pr. 82½. Armour & Co. of Ill. pr. 82½. B. & O. pr. 82½. Beaver Board pr. 82½. C. & C. Bank pr. 82½. Chi. City & Co. pr. 82½. Com. Edison pr. 158½. C. & C. Bank pr. 158½. Com. Motors pr. 114½. Consumers pr. 76½. Diamond Match pr. 116½. Fair pr. 27½. Great Lakes Dredge pr. 33½. Illinois Steel pr. 60½. Libby, McNeill & Libby pr. 36½. Middle West Util. pr. 104½. Midland Steel pr. 115½. Montgomery Ward pr. 65½. National Leather pr. 2½. P. & W. pr. 20½. Pub. Serv. Co. pr. 128½. Quaker Oats pr. 175½. Real Silk pr. 110½. Swift & Co. pr. 116½. U. S. Gypsum pr. 44½. U. S. Steel pr. 44½. Yellow Mfg. pr. 27½. Yellow Mfg. pr. 45½.

BOND SALES ON NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

(Reported direct from the New York Stock Exchange by J. & W. Seligman & Co.)					Sale. Issue.					Open/High/Low/Last					Sale. Issue.					Open/High/Low/Last																			
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.										(Quotations in dollars and 32nds of a dollar.)																													
Sale.					Issue.					Open/High/Low/Last					Sale.					Issue.					Open/High/Low/Last														
Open/High/Low/Last					Open/High/Low/Last					Open/High/Low/Last					Open/High/Low/Last					Open/High/Low/Last																			
Liberty 3½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Copenhagen Tel. Co. 6s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					9.80 U. S. gen. 6½s.					119.15 119.15 119.15 119.15														
Liberty 4s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Crescent Wire & Cable Co. 6s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					Southwest Bell Tel. Co. 7s.					102.10 102.10 102.10 102.10														
Liberty 4½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 5s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 5½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 6s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 6½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 7s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
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Liberty 8s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 8½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 9s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 9½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 10s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 10½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 11s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 11½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 12s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 12½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 13s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 13½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 14s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 14½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 15s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 15½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 16s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 16½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 17s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 17½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 18s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 18½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 19s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 19½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 20s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
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Liberty 21s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 21½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 22s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
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Liberty 23½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 24s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 24½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
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Liberty 26s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
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Liberty 27s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 27½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 28s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 28½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 29s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 29½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 30s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 30½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 31s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 31½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 32s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 32½s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
Liberty 33s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
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Liberty 37s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94					U. S. L. M. & S. R. G. 4s.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94														
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Liberty 40s.					100.15 100.15 100.15 100.15					Cuba Cane Sugar cvtd. 8s. sta.					99.94 99.94 99.94 99.94</																								

COMMISSION SAYS BUILDING PROGRAM WILL GO FORWARD

\$25,000,000 to Be Asked of Congress for Acquiring Private Land.

COOLIDGE'S APPROVAL OF MOVE IS INDICATED

Elliott Confers With President; Mellon and Smoot to Ask Action.

There will be no delay in carrying out the public building program so authorized by Congress, nor will there be any delay in carrying out the plan to acquire all privately owned land between Pennsylvania avenue and B street, Third and Fifteenth streets, public building officials announced yesterday.

Congress will be asked immediately to convene to consider \$25,000,000 for the purchase of all the privately owned land in the triangle, commission members said.

That the plan has been approved by the President was indicated when the commission's purpose was announced by Representative Elliott of the House, a member of the commission, after a conference with President Coolidge at the White House. Secretary of the Treasury Mellon and Senator Smoot also made clear the commission's purpose to get an immediate appropriation to get at once the privately owned land in the triangle.

Good Business, Mellon Says.

The commission's determination to do so is good business, Secretary Mellon said, adding that an attempt to buy the property privately would be needed over a period of years for new public buildings would make the total cost much higher than the cost will be under the commission's plan.

The last assessed value of the property was \$14,000,000, which probably has increased since the assessment, the commission estimated that \$25,000,000 will be ample to get all of the property for the government, Secretary Mellon said.

In the meantime the commission is going ahead with its plans for the erection of the eight building projects already approved and laid out, and this work will be proceeding with the commission's request for \$25,000,000 for purchase of the land, Mr. Mellon said.

New Building Angle.

A new angle was injected into the building program by District officials, who pointed out the building plans of the commission called for the immediate south of the District building, thus preventing carrying out of tentative plans for increased office space for the municipal government.

District officials have proposed to members of the Gibson House committee investigating District affairs a more or less elaborate plan of building a new building, the District building, thus preventing carrying out of tentative plans for increased office space for the municipal government.

Mrs. Torman Suicide, Coroner's Jury Rules

A coroner's jury yesterday returned a verdict of suicide at an inquest in the death of Mrs. Sylvia Torman, 38 years old, 918 Eighteenth street, Monday from the effects of gas poisoning received when she inhaled illuminating gas while working in the kitchen of her apartment.

William Torman, husband of the woman, was arrested several days after the death of his wife had not received hospital attention immediately after she was found overcome. He was released after the inquest, but testified again at the inquest.

High-Pressure Fire System Costs Sought

The committee on installation of a high-pressure fire fighting system in Washington yesterday sent to the committee on appropriations a questionnaire asking for the results of experience therewith.

What was the cost, how was it financed, what is the cost of maintenance were among the questions asked. The committee also requested for the formation as to whether the high-pressure system is used for all fires within the congested district, or only for large fires, and whether decreased fire insurance rates followed installation.

Kiwanis Club Urged To Attend Dinner

Urging attendance at the interclub dinner tomorrow night in the Hotel Mayflower, Stephen H. Talles, president of the Federation of Civic Club Executives, yesterday addressed the weekly luncheon of the Kiwanis club in the Washington hotel.

A Kiwanian, William Mather Lewis, president of George Washington University, will serve as toastmaster at the dinner. Following the luncheon yesterday, members of the Kiwanis club were entertained by Joe Grant and Billy Murray in a ju-jitsu performance.

Divorce Demanded By Edward Voigt, Jr.

Mrs. Hilda Voigt, wife of Edward Voigt, Jr., former president of the American Commercial and Savings Bank, who sued her husband for maintenance, was herself sued for an absolute divorce yesterday on a cross-bill filed by Voigt in equity court through Attorney Darr.

Mrs. Voigt won a verdict for \$100,000 damages against her husband's parents for the alleged alienation of his affections, but this verdict was set aside and a new trial granted the parents.

Brother Atticks Will.

Dennis Lynch, the brother of the late Miss Margaret Lynch, died a cancer yesterday in probate court protesting against the admission of his will. Miss Lynch died July 28 and left an estate valued at \$20,000. The brother was given only the income from a fund of \$4,000, the bulk of the estate being distributed among Catholic charities. Undue influence is charged. Attorney R. L. Merrick appeared.

SAVING FEEBLE WOMAN FROM FELONY

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

that the man was "a colored man," she reiterated her identification of him as Willie Stevens.

Her story continued that she tied her mule to a cedar tree and heard muzzling voices as if in argument, a reference to "explain these letters," and she hurriedly rode her mule away. Discovering that she had lost a moccasin, she said she returned to the place where she had tied her mule and then saw Mrs. Hall and Willie Stevens.

The calm of the three defendants survived again today. Not during Mrs. Gibson's declaration, that she saw all of them the night of the killing did it falter, and they remained with unchanged expressions as she repeated her oath as a witness before being carried away. Mrs. Hall and Henry Stevens seemed slightly less interested than Willie Stevens, who leans forward when the unusual is presented in court.

Arrival of the ambulance bearing the witness from the Jersey City hospital found a courtroom packed to its doors, waiting for a glimpse of the sick witness. The ambulance averaging about an hour, required nearly four hours for the journey. It was announced that she had stood the trip well.

Voices Feeble at First.

The witness was promptly carried through the crowd, with police clearing the way. She was placed on a bed and a doctor stood at her head and a nurse by her side as she began her testimony.

Her voice was feeble as she heard the special prosecutor's questions, but as the examination progressed, she apparently grew stronger and the tones of her voice were much louder. As the witness testified, she said that she saw Snyder, felt her pulse and the nurse, Miss Beatrice Lookwood, administered nourishment in the form of milk, a glass tube being used.

Most of the testimony was given as Mrs. Gibson lay flat on her back. She was elevated slightly to take the oath, when the physician asked her to make her identification and raised herself on her elbow to about her declaration of truthfulness.

Her stay on the witness bed ended, she was taken from the courtroom, placed in an ambulance and returned to the Jersey City hospital. There attendants pronounced her condition "as good as can be expected after a 60-day trip."

With the high spot of the drama of the State's case reached with the presentation of Mrs. Gibson, the prosecution's case was closed. In what promise to be an anticlimax.

Two More State Witnesses.

Special Prosecutor Alexander Simpson indicated tonight that he will call the State's case by noon. It is understood tonight that a newspaper photographer and a detective will be among the witnesses called.

The special prosecutor said tonight that his investigators will make a last-minute effort to locate a witness he describes as "Mrs. B." He has received several letters from her, Simpson says, and hopes to succeed in bringing her to court tomorrow. She is supposed to have been in De Russes' lane the night of the killing. "Mrs. B." is understood to be a woman who lives in Flatbush, Brooklyn.

The defense is prepared to open its case as the State does. Many witnesses are expected to be called, the witness stand if the prosecution had rested. There was a certainty, defense lawyers said, that 40 witnesses will be offered, with a possibility of more.

As Mrs. Gibson testified today, her 76-year-old mother, Mrs. Salome Cerner, sat among defense witnesses in the courtroom. It is understood that Mrs. Cerner will be used as a defense witness to tell of her daughter's life history.

Next to the gentleman with the quick, "Explain these letters," the men were talking, and a woman said very quickly, "Explain these letters."

Q. And what did you hear the men say? A. "Explain these letters," and everything else. Q. God damn it! Yes, all that kind of stuff.

Q. What did you hear more than one man say anything? A. Somebody was hitting, hitting, hitting. I could hear "somebody" going out, and some body said "That's all right," said, "Q. d. d. d. let go. A man holler."

Q. What do you mean, a man or a woman? A man holler, "God damn it, let go." A. Yes.

Q. Immediately after that what did you hear? A. Then somebody said a flash towards where they were holler.

Q. Flashlight? A. Yes, and I see something glitter and I see a man and I see another man like they were wrestling together.

Q. What was your face there? A. Yes, I see two faces.

Q. Have you identified those two faces since? A. Yes.

Q. Where were they? A. One was Henry Stevens.

Q. You need not identify the other one. Did you see Willie Stevens there? A. Yes.

Q. You did not see his face there? A. No.

Second Woman Screamed.

Q. But there was one man that you saw, and Henry Stevens? A. Yes.

Q. After you saw Henry Stevens' face did you hear anything? A. Yes. The light was on the wall, and I saw a body said "That's all right," said, "Q. d. d. d. let go. A man holler."

Q. Then what did you hear? A. Then I heard something fall heavy. Then I run for the mule.

Q. Did you hear a woman say anything? A. Yes. There were two women. They look all the same.

Q. How many acres of corn did you have? A. I had 25 acres.

Q. How many acres of farm land did you have? A. A sixty-acre.

Q. How many have you now? A. No.

Q. When you heard the dog bark on Thursday night what did you do? A. I went out and I walked down where the dog was barking, and when the dog stopped barking I walked back and I sat on the swing and listened.

Heard Bus and Wagon.

Q. Did you hear anything? A. Well, that was passed coming from Millstone to New Brunswick.

Q. What time did that bus pass there? A. After the bus passed, what did you do? A. Then a wagon came, a rickety old wagon, that rattled and rattled and rattled the parents.

Q. Where did it go? A. It went down the road and stopped right at the middle of the corn field that had been robbed? A. Yes, sir.

Q. What did you do then when you heard the wagon stop in the middle of the corn field that had been stolen from the Sunday night before? A. I went to the barn and put the saddle on Jenny and I started out on the road. Q. Which way did you go? A. Toward New Brunswick.

A. Yes, I did. It rattled and went down De Russes' lane.

Q. And you kept following it? A. I did. When I got down in the lane the mule brayed.

Q. What happened to the wagon? A. And I was afraid to go too close, so I stayed about 50 feet behind. I was afraid.

Q. After the mule brayed, what did you do? A. Then the man got going and going and going. He got down Easton avenue before I did. The sound of the wagon sounded like it was going to New Brunswick.

White Haired Woman Wept.

Q. Underbrush? A. Underbrush, yes, sir. So I felt around. I held the mule by the bridle, and felt all around the stump, all around the place, and I heard what I thought was the screaming of an owl, and I didn't think of it at the time, but then when I heard it again, I listened.

Q. What did you find? A. Well, then, when I heard that screaming again, and I heard it again, and I said "something is the matter out here" and then I listened and then I heard the voice of a man. It seemed kind of like a woman holler along there, or someone, and then I heard the voice of the nurse called Simpson who spoke to Mrs. Gibson and then announced that she wanted to correct her testimony as to when she married Easton. She asserted the correct year was 1900 and not 1919.

Remember One Husband.

"How many husbands have you had?" asked Case.

"One that I can remember," answered the witness.

"Were you not married to Frederick Kisselgorn on August 13, 1890, in the City of Paterson, N. J.?"

"Yes," she replied, "in a low voice, her answer sounding as though she said, 'I don't remember.'"

"Did not Frederick Kisselgorn obtain a decree of divorce from you January 4, 1898, on a charge of adultery?"

"No."

"Do you live with him?"

"Never lived with any such person."

"Did you ever live with Harry Ray?"

"Who is he?" and then, "No."

Sensor Case had a newspaper clipping containing a picture before the witness, who put on her glasses and gazed at it.

"Is this not you?" he asked.

The witness hesitated, and finally said it was not.

"You were once a singer in concert halls?" Case continued.

"Simpson objected and was sustained."

"How does that having a poor voice, or a good voice effect her credibility? If she had once been a lawyer, it might be different."

"No."

"Do you know him?"

"Do you remember that in July, 1923, Conklin had a conversation with you on Main street, Somerville, near the corner of Main street and Main street?"

"Jane, do you think the Stevens family had anything to do with the murder?" and you said "No."

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and I knew he belonged in there, and I was so nervous that I started back when I found that the mule was out.

Q. When you got back there did you see these people still there or were they gone? A. I don't know. I was so nervous that I started back when I found that the mule was out.

Q. And you kept following it? A. I did. When I got down in the lane the mule brayed.

Q. What happened to the wagon? A. And I was afraid to go too close, so I stayed about 50 feet behind. I was afraid.

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"Jane, do you think the Stevens family had anything to do with the murder?" and you said "No."

"Which one? There was two. He wrote a letter and gave him \$5."

The witness was asked if she knew George Sipe and she answered she did. It was brought out he was a neighbor of Mrs. Gibson.

"Do you remember coming to his farm the day after the crime?" asked Carr. "No," answered the witness.

Proposal on Sale of Mule.

"Do you remember making a proposal to him, for consideration of a certain sum of money, from you, if he would sell a certain mule?" asked Carr.

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